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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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THE HEART OF A GIRL.

By Frances Wilson.

They had not talked five minutes before Sanford's pulse was beating tumultuously. At the end of ten, he felt like a man who had been offered the Kohinoor in the rough and refused it! For vague, uncomfortable recollections of other days were revived when he met Marcia Wentworth again for the first time in years.

She was superb in her maturity and made him see a vision. He was conscious of a confusion of things Egyptian in the background of his mind—Cleopatra, lotus blooms and the Sphinx—for in some subtle way she suggested the richness and splendor of more poetic days.

"Fifteen years!" she murmured dreamily, looking at him with sweetly mocking eyes. "And I, who was 17, am 32." She puckered her smooth forehead into a knot and made a quaint grimace which filled Sanford with a mad desire to kiss her then and there.

"Fifteen years," he retorted tragically, "and I, who was 35, am——"

"Forgive me," she laughed with a deprecating gesture, "and don't say it. Take the other point of view. Fifteen years ago" (consolingly) "you were twice my age. Today you are nowhere near that," and with a glance half mischievous, half consoling, she turned to greet an acquaintance who was making his way toward them.

Relegated to the background for the moment, Sanford occupied himself in trying to decide just how much of that old flirtation she probably remembered. She was but a slip of a girl in those days, and though the details had escaped him he was still uncomfortably conscious of the adoration that used to shine out at him from her unconscious young eyes. He had a vague suspicion that his conduct had not been above reproach. He might have forgiven himself that—for he had been bored! What he could not forgive was his crass stupidity in failing to discover in little Marcia Wentworth the chrysalis of this splendid creature, all softness and fire.

It was late in the afternoon and the Trevor grounds—always famous for their beauty, were at their best. It was a scene worthy of a poet. Indeed, Mrs. Trevor's garden parties were poetry made real.

"Watteau, with a touch of Omar," remarked Miss Wentworth as they were left to themselves once more. "I feel as if we were illustrating the Rubaiyat."

"Is that a delicate way of intimating that you wish me to bring you something to drink?" teased Sanford. "And what shall it be?"

"You have missed your cue," she responded with smiling reproach. "But then——" and the gentle mockery shone in her eyes once more—"a man never does remember!"

She gave a sigh, paused for a moment and then continued:

"You have evidently forgotten that we last saw each other where we meet today—at a garden party at Mrs. Trevor's. That talent for forgetting"—shaking her head at him smilingly—"How much you men owe to it!"

He had forgotten—and he sparred for time now as he racked his brain for some detail of that far-away afternoon—some trifle which he might rescue from the debris of the past and make into a pretty speech. The gods were merciful. Suddenly a slim girlish figure in white rose before him and a pair of dark, intense eyes gazed into his. Still he hesitated for a moment before he spoke in order to be quite sure, for the walls of his memory were richly frescoed with girlish figures—and he hated to make blunders! Then he spoke triumphantly, but with just the rich touch of melancholy meaning in his voice.

"So you think that I've forgotten? Listen, then! Your gown was soft and thin and white, and you wore a big hat covered with yellow roses."

He looked straight at her, but her eyes did not fail as in the old days, instead, she returned the gaze unflinchingly, and curiosity, amusement and disbelief were mingled in her glance.

"Bravo!" she cried softly; but she was unconvinced. He saw that, and was nettled by it. Fortunately, he could not read her thoughts, for she was wailing to her inner self, "Ah, me! That I should have to acknowledge to myself that he's just an ordinary flirt after all! How crude I must have been at 17. And yet——"

Her thoughts went swiftly back to that day in her girlhood, when she had met him last. The scene was the same as today—great stretches of velvety turf, stately trees and groups of people laughing and chatting together! On that afternoon, she remembered the western sky was a blaze of rose color. How the gay scene had mocked her misery, as Sanford, who was devoting himself to the beautiful Miss Carroll, forgetful of her existence, never once approached her, though he knew that it would be their last meeting, as her family was leaving for Europe on the following day.

Today she noted with amused appreciation the western sky was a bank of pale gold, and the color seemed more appropriate to the vanished ideals and lost illusions of 32. Seventeen—and rose color! Thirty-two—and pale gold!

"You were thinking——?" prompted Sanford, inquiringly breaking in upon her reverie.

"I am thinking," she answered, bringing her eyes back to him deliberately—"I am thinking that I will tell you a story. But perhaps," with a touch of malice, "you do not like stories?"

"On the contrary, I dote upon them. Do begin."

Miss Wentworth settled herself more comfortably in her chair. Then, looking at her companion in a speculative manner, she began.

"It's a sort of a fairy tale, and it's about a girl. She was neither very beautiful nor very interesting, but I think I may say truthfully that she was a nice sort of a girl, with a warm heart, boundless enthusiasm and an implicit belief in her fellow-creatures. I shall have to confess, though, that she was one of the kind who blush furiously at the slightest provocation—you know the type—and that she was earnest and serious—horribly so—and a hero-worshipper to her finger tips!"

Sanford nodded his head understandingly.

"She was a trifle too much upon the 'Sweet Alice' style," Miss Wentworth resumed candidly, "and yet with all her absurdities, I myself was rather fond of her. Of course you have guessed before this that there came a man!" Her voice dropped into a tragic whisper. Then she burst into a merry laugh, in which her companion joined somewhat consciously.

"Methinks the air grows icy! I feel the approach of the villain of the story!" he announced.

"Not at all!" protested Miss Wentworth in an injured tone. "He was simply a nice, agreeable man of the world—such as one meets often enough to make life a pleasure. He was many years her senior, and the girl mistook him for a god."

She looked at her companion with innocent eyes, but the wicked little gleam that lay back in them did not escape him.

"Did the man do anything to give rise to such a—er—delusion?"

There was an unmistakable challenge in the inquiry.

"No questions allowed," came the baffling answer. "You must let me tell my story in my own way. To proceed."

"A girl of this stamp is likely to idealize a good deal, and you would have been—yes, you would have been highly edified could you have heard some of this one's rhapsodies. 'A head so noble,' she would say exultingly to herself, 'was never seen before,' and 'Were ever eyes so splendidly commending?' Silly, wasn't it? But it was the outcome of her conviction that a god among men had deigned to hold out his hand to her. And when he opened his lips!"

Miss Wentworth paused with a rapt, listening look upon her face which convulsed her hearer, who laughed rather foolishly.

"Of course the man read the secret of the girl's heart, and her native worship amused and flattered him. So he devoted a good many of his spare moments to deepening the impression he had made and the girl used to listen breathlessly.

Their eyes met, Miss Wentworth's brimming with mirth, while Sanford felt that he was guilty of a grin. Then she shook her head at him and continued with severity:

"As I was about to remark, the girl listened to the pearls of wisdom which dropped from the man's lips and believed in them as she did in holy things, and her foolish heart was thrilled by the joy of the love which she thought was hers. Certainly the man, in a high-handed, negligent sort of a way did manage to give her some such impression. How she pitied less fortunate girls, and how full of plans she was to make herself worthy of him!"

A reminiscent smile hovered about Miss Wentworth's lips, and she looked off across the lawn as if she had forgotten her companion.

"Girls are not usually so—so impressionable," he hazarded in a defensive manner.

"This one was," she responded succinctly.

"Experienced people like you and me," she went on, continuing her story once more, "can see that there was trouble brewing for the girl. She never expected it, and it came like a thunderbolt from a clear sky. I won't go into details. He had wearied of his plaything. Then, there was a lady with fair hair and the eyes of a saint—and what was a girl's heart that it should stand in the way of a man's fancy?"

"Miss Wentworth's small head rested against the tips of her fingers, and her great eyes looked calmly into Sanford's as she asked this question with the impartial air of one who seeks abstract truth.

He shook his head.

"The girl was heartbroken—horrified; for in the innocence of her heart she thought that she had made a terrible, immodest mistake, and that he never had made love to her—really! Her face used to burn at the thought, and she would have given her head for a chance to convince him that she, too, had only been amusing herself. She was wounded in her pride and in her heart alike—and the nights were dreadful!" She finished incoherently.

"I see the moral looming up in the distance," murmured her hearer plaintively. "It casts a long shadow and the tip of it points to me!"

"But it's only a fairy tale, you know," she said with a shrug, and then continued:

"The girl's family went abroad, and she was dragged from London to Paris and from Paris to Rome; but her stubborn fancy clung to the man and refused to let go. She looked upon the sunlit sea at Cannes, and thought of him! and stared at the midnight sun—and thought of him! There was never a moment when she would not have jumped at a chance to return to that pokey, little western city, U. S. A., just because he was there. What did she care about the glories of the world?"

"She used to awaken in the morning wondering how she would get through the day and longing for night. For, though she was wretched, she was young and strong, and so she slept and sometimes—dreamed!"

The last words were spoken softly—caressingly—and sent a thrill along Sanford's nerves.

"Did you—that is, did she really care so much?" he stammered.

"I am compelled to admit that she paid the penalty—as women do, you know," came the answer in a cool, sweet voice.

"We have not reached the end," he urged in a low tone. "Who can tell—perhaps a heavier penalty will be exacted of him."

His voice was eager and there was the old, well-remembered tenderness in it. It stirred Marcia's senses like a strain of forgotten music. But she only smiled back at him and cooed.

"Clever! You score! But to return to the story.

"The days came and went like an endless procession of gray phantoms, until one day a letter arrived mentioning with other home news, the probable marriage of the man and the fair lady. Then there was a terrific outburst.

"I remember but one detail—the figure of the girl lying prone upon the floor and shaking with sobs. That was really the last of the girl. I think we may say that she died that night, and to the woman who rose in her place the world has never been quite so fair a place. The blue of the sky is less blue, the sunlight is less joyous and the night wind isn't so full of mystery and tenderness as when it blew across the face of the girl!"

The last words were scarcely audible and Miss Wentworth's face was almost sad. Then she gave an impatient shrug as if to rid herself of unpleasant memories.

"Well, there came a morning when she opened her eyes, yawned, thanked heaven that she was alive, and thought rapturously of a love of a gown which was to come home that day. Then she wondered anxiously if she had gone off much in looks (she felt as if there was no bloom left), and she knew by these tokens that her first love affair was over—and her girlhood decently laid away in its grave!"

"That's about all—it really isn't much of a story. One may lose an arm and still be fairly happy. And yet—one prefers the arm?"

There was something delicately quizzical in the inflection of her words and something delicately regretful as well.

"You see, I miss the girl," she finished as she rose and they moved off across the grass together.

"Does it occur to you"—Sanford's voice was grave and pleading—"that possibly he misses more than the girl?"

The gentle raillery in his companion's face as she glanced up at him was more eloquent than words.

"That man, I take it," he continued huskily, "has lost his chance—forever?" There was no mistaking his earnestness now nor the touch of hauteur in Miss Wentworth's manner as she replied carelessly:

"You've been inattentive! The girl died, you know."

That night she wrote the following note to somebody else:

"Dear Jack:—Love is not eternal. So, I think, if you don't mind, I'll follow your advice and marry you. I'm sitting here in sackcloth and ashes, abasing myself before your superior wisdom. I sat and talked to the Other Man today and things fell out precisely as you predicted. A little door away off in some remote corner of my heart banged shut, never to be opened again. And if it were, there'd be nothing behind it but a little heap of ashes! He's growing bald, Jack. If you love me, never do that. Come up Saturday and let me 'splain why it has taken me so long to find out that though there's a difference, 32 can love as well as 17. Forever your MARCIA."

And then she sealed the letter and pressed her lips softly to the superscription a half a dozen times—by way of showing the wisdom of 32!—The Home Magazine.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

A three-wheeled cab has made its appearance in London. The third wheel runs in front of the vehicle, and is to save the passenger from accident should the horse fall.

The umbrella has taken a firm hold upon the native of India, or, at any rate, upon the Bengali. No less than 3,000,000 umbrellas are imported into the country every year.

Sleepy grass is found in New Mexico, Texas and Siberia. It has a most injurious effect on horses and sheep, being a strong narcotic or sedative, and causing profound sleep or stupor lasting 24 hours to 48 hours.

Snow is said to offer surprising resistance to penetration by rifle bullets. Experiments made in Norway have shown that a snow wall four feet thick is absolutely proof against the Norwegian army rifle—a weapon of exceptional piercing power.

Samuel Snell, of Holyoke, Mass., has a strange hobby. Though 73 years old and wealthy, he devotes all his spare time to the making of stone coffins. During the last 25 years he has made and disposed of over a hundred of these, asserting that they keep the body in an excellent state of preservation long after burial.

It is said that a foreman stereotyper in a London printing works has had a curious windfall. Going to a sale of musical instruments, he purchased an old harpsichord for 20 shillings, because, having a hobby for fretwork, he fancied the wood in the front panel. When he got his purchase home he dissected it. He then discovered that the harpsichord had a double back, and presently between the boards he found very old Bank of England notes, the total face value of which amounted to $150,000.

"Rattlesnakes are grateful if you gain their affection," says a correspondent of the Corsicana (Tex.) News. "My brother 'Jim' found a six-foot rattler near town caught under a boulder, and instead of using his advantage he sympathetically released the snake, which thereupon became a pet and followed 'Jim' about and guarded him as watchfully as a dog. One night he was awakened and missing the snake in its usual place at the foot of the bed, he knew something was wrong. He got up and lighted a match to investigate, and found a burglar in the next room in the coils of the snake, which had its tail out of window rattling for the police.

A Private Safe Now.

The latest convenience in the New York apartment is a private safe, built into the wall, and so arranged that only the tenant is acquainted with the combination. This makes it possible for the flat dweller possessing valuable silver, jewels and papers to keep them in his apartment instead of in the vaults of the safe deposit or the bank.

UNCLE SAM'S NEW YEAR'S TOAST.

Uncle Sam—"Gentlemen, let us drink to the most successful competitor in the world's markets, whoever he maybe!"

ARE VERY CONCERNED

FREE TRADERS SOLICITOUS REGARDING PATRIOTISM.

We Are Getting Along Finely Under Protection; Therefore, They Say, It Must Follow That We Do Not Love Our Country as We Ought.

This is the caption of the last article sent out by the Free Trade League over the signature of Professor John Bascom, of Williams College. The two words, protection and patriotism, certainly go well together and are closely related. But, says Professor Bascom, "Protection as developed in the United States, is profoundly opposed to patriotism." And yet he does not prove it, or even attempt to. He tells us that it begets personal strife, but does not tell us wherein personal strife and ambition become inimical to patriotism. Continuing, the Professor says:

"The little kernel of sound theory that may in the beginning have lain at the bottom of protection was shortly lost sight of in a greedy struggle between ever-increasing claimants to retain old and win new advantages."

It is encouraging to see an old-time free trader admitting that there was even a kernel of sound theory in the principle of protection, though it has been lost sight of in the struggle for advantage. Does the Professor mean to say that the strife to excel is unpatriotic? Would he have our inventors stop thinking, our miners stop digging, our farmers stop planting, our mechanics stop fabricating, and so cease to retain and gain advantage not only among themselves but over the peoples of other countries? Does he want us to go back to the habits of the aborigines and live the lives of savages? He complains because "we have set no limits to individual enterprise." Why should we set a limit to ambition, to attainment and accomplishment? And then he complains again because "the policy of private thrift, which gained such a foothold in protection, has spread everywhere."

If the Professor is preaching socialism or anarchy, that is one thing, but if he is preaching free trade because it would do away with competition, and destroy commercial advantages, that is another. He concludes his little "piece" as follows:

"Patriotism cannot thrive in the atmosphere we have provided for it. If we would restore and strengthen love of country, we must get back to the prosperity of the masses of men—the people and the Nation—as the true aim of government."

Does the Professor question our love of country? Was he awake during the Spanish War, when millions were angry only because they could not fight for the Stars and Stripes? Did he not for months see Old Glory waving from every flagstaff, from every building, and from every house? Who is there, outside the little band of American Cobdenites, that does not think we could lick any country on earth, or, if needs be, all of them put together? Does not the Professor see any other paper but the Springfield Republican?

As for "getting back to the prosperity of the masses of men"—back where? Back to 1837, or to 1857, or to 1895-6? When have "the masses of men—the people and the Nation—" been so prosperous as they are to-day?

It seems incredible that a man of average enlightenment could put forth such twaddle as this paper of Professor Bascom's. It is not worth noticing except to show to what pitiable ends the Free Trade League is obliged to go to get matter to send out to the new country papers that will print its stuff. Surely the free trade issue in the United States is at a low ebb indeed when it must depend on such argument for support. Professor Bascom knows no more about patriotism than he does about protection. He knows no more about the ambitions and national characteristics of the people of the United States than he does about the uncivilized tribes of darkest Africa; or else, for the sake of his pet theory, he would do away with all exertion and all labor, of mind or body. He should study the strenuous life of his countrymen, from the President down to the urchin with his bundle of "extras." He should take a trolley ride out of Williamstown to Millville or Furnace Plains, and look at the wheels go round. He should take a progressive daily or weekly paper and read the current history of his country. Or, he might take the President's message by installments and gather a few ideas concerning the progress and achievements of our institutions. He should get a little American flag and count the stripes and then the stars. He should get a potrait of Washington and McKinley, and little by little study the lives of our other great men. It may be a hopeless case, but it would seem as if even Professor Bascom might be injected with a little American spirit and patriotism.

Pens of hardened gutta percha have been repeatedly tried in this country and England, but have not met with success.

RECIPROCAL RECIPROCITY.

That Which Shall Help, Not Hurt, Domestic Industry.

That appears to be the opinion and desire of the majority of the members of the National Reciprocity Convention at Washington. Many of them would like a treaty that would reduce the tariff on the products of other industries, and thereby gain increased sale for their products in foreign countries, but all of them are opposed to a reduction of the tariff on their own products, just as was expected before the reciprocity convention assembled. The present prospect is that the free traders will be defeated in their efforts for reciprocal treaties that will enable the American trusts to sell their goods still cheaper in foreign lands! That is about all that can be gained by reciprocal treaties on products that will compete with American labor, and it can be safely said that every such treaty will be injurious to American labor and business, because all such would create doubt and distrust as to the future, and doubt and distrust have always injured American labor and business. Every honest American citizen desires to see all the trusts destroyed that sell their goods at higher than competitive prices, but they cannot be exterminated by reciprocal treaties nor by free trade. The American people have the power to crush all such trusts by refusing to purchase their products, and every trust of that character will be annihilated within a few months or years.

Reciprocity that will reciprocate on non-competing products will be satisfactory to all the people of this Nation, and there are sufficient products of that character to enable all the free trade the American people desire. The protective tariff has made the United States the greatest Nation on earth, in all great and good respects, within less than forty years. No other Nation in all the history of the earth can make anything like the showing of progress and wealth made by the United States since the Morrill tariff was enacted in 1861, for since that tariff became the principal law of the Nation the United States has made greater progress than all the remainder of the world combined. It was that tariff that convinced the world that steel rails can be made in the United States, and it was the same principle of the McKinley tariff that convinced even the free traders of this country that tin plate can be made in America. So it has been with the many thousands of articles now fully supplying the markets of this country and seeking increased sale in foreign lands through reciprocal trade in the products of others.—Des Moines Register.

Arguments Based on Misinformation.

Some wonderful information finds its way into "low tariff" newspapers. The Boston Transcript, for instance, which apparently wants reciprocity with Canada, after reflecting on the motives of Senator Burrows and others who do not agree with it, prints this surprising information, which was sent to it all the way from Washington: "In the Dingley tariff the duty on logs was made double that carried by the McKinley tariff of only ten years ago." Logs were on the free list in the McKinley tariff and are also on the free list in the Dingley tariff. If the advocates of reciprocity with Canada were to base their arguments on facts instead of such wonderful misinformation as that about the duty on logs they would cease to take on the subject.—Philadelphia Press.

A Hard Fact.

That reciprocity convention was a cruel disappointment to the tariff reformers. They are now up against the fact that the end of protection is not yet in sight, and, as Sam Jones says, a fact cannot be gotten over nor around. It must be "camped" by and "sot" up with.—Clyde (N. C.) Journal.

Of Course!

If the Republican party proposes a measure, you may bet your boots it means more prosperity at home and more business abroad.—Blackfoot (Idaho) Mail.

France Clings to Old Styles.

There are some things which seem household necessities in the United States for which there is no market whatever in France or southern Europe. One of these is the range with a hot-water back, another is the refrigerator, and a third is the rocking chair. Americans living abroad often want these articles so badly that they even send home for them, but among the French there is no demand for them whatever, and American manufacturers only waste energy in trying to create a market for them. France will cling to the old-fashioned chairs for another hundred years.

Uncle—"Yes, Charles; I laid the foundation of my fortune by saving cab fares." Spendthrift Nephew—"I didn't know you ever drove one, uncle!"—Punch.

Not six per cent. of all the women in America spend as much money as $50 a year on their clothes.

BIG SYNDICATE'S STRAITS

Everett-Moore Concern, With Capital of $130,000,000, Embarrassed

DUE TO TIGHT MONEY MARKET

The Syndicate's Affairs Turned Over to the Control of a Bankers' Committee—Believed That Its Financial Troubles Are Temporary—Controls 1200 Miles of Trolley Tracks in Ohio and Michigan.

Cleveland, Ohio.—The financial affairs of the Everett-Moore syndicate, owning or controlling a number of urban and interurban electric railways, and an extensive system of local and long-distance telephone lines in Ohio and Michigan, has passed into the control of a committee composed of seven prominent bankers of this city.

This action was taken, it is stated, as the result of temporary financial embarrassment on the part of the syndicate, which has for some time past been affected by the stringency in the money market. The aggregate capitalization of all the various properties owned or controlled by the syndicate is said to be about $130,000,000.

The personnel of the committee is as follows: R. R. Newcomb, Myron T. Herrick, J. J. Sullivan, Calvary Morris, Kaufman Hays, E. G. Tillotson and W. C. Mather.

The committee chosen has been at work investigating the affairs of the syndicate and express the firm belief that the concern is entirely solvent, and that its embarrassment will be only temporary.

The Everett-Moore syndicate is accredited with controlling more than 1200 miles of urban and interurban electric lines in Ohio and Michigan, with many new extensions still in course of construction.

As a result of the announcement of the financial embarrassment of the syndicate a run was started on the Dime Savings and Banking Company, of which Everett and Moore are directors. All demands were promptly met, and President Watterson said the bank had ample funds on hand to pay all depositors who desired their money.

The institution is one of the city depositories. When its last report was issued, in October, the bank's total resources were placed at $5,762,007, including a surplus fund of $335,000.

The Committee of Bankers organized by electing R. R. Newcomb as Chairman and E. G. Tillotson Secretary. The committee has issued a statement calculated to inspire confidence in the syndicate's creditors, saying that the railway properties of the concern were in good condition and perfectly solvent, and expressing the belief that the difficulty would be only temporary.

MISS ROOSEVELT'S DEBUT.

The President's Eldest Daughter Introduced to Society at Washington.

Washington, D. C.—Miss Alice Roosevelt, the eldest daughter of President and Mrs. Roosevelt, was presented to Washington society at a ball held in her honor in the White House. About 500 guests in all were present, many of whom either were connections of the Roosevelt family or well-known society persons living outside of Washington. Miss Roosevelt is the first White House debutante.

MISS ALICE ROOSEVELT.

Miss Roosevelt will name the Emperor of Germany's new yacht, now building at Staten Island. This announcement was made at the White House. The Kaiser's invitation to Miss Roosevelt came through Dr. von Holleben, the German Ambassador to the United States.

FIRE LOSSES FOR 1901.

Over $170,000,000 Worth of Property Was Destroyed Last Year.

New York City.—Over $170,000,000 worth of property in the United States and Canada was destroyed by fire in 1901. As compared with 1900 the losses for 1901 were between $8,000,000 and $10,000,000 less.

For the last six months of 1901 the losses were $5,000,000 larger than in 1900, while during the first six months 1901's figures were fully $15,000,000 under those of 1900. The most disastrous month of last year was May, when the losses were about $23,000,000. The largest fire of 1901 occurred on May 3 in Jacksonville, where the loss was placed at $10,500,000.

Public Debt Statement.

The monthly statement of the public debt, issued at Washington, shows that at the close of business on December 31, 1901, the national debt, less cash in the Treasury, amounted to $1,011,628,286, a decrease of $8,643,192 for the month.

Fatal Engine Boiler Explosion.

The boiler of a locomotive of the Central of Georgia Railway exploded at the shops in Macon, Ga., killing five men outright and injuring twelve others.

McKinley's Traducer Insane.

George Huesman, the policeman, of Cincinnati, who was publicly degraded and dismissed last fall for having spoken disrespectfully of President McKinley when he was shot, was declared insane and sent to an asylum. The testimony showed that some years ago he suffered from sunstroke.

Reported Congo State Atrocities.

Rubber companies in the Congo State are reported to be resorting to enforced labor and, it is said, deliver up men who will not work to cannibal chiefs.

MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Secretary Hay made an arrangement with the Mexican Government for arbitration of the claims of the Catholic Church in California.

Rear-Admiral Francis Asbury Roe, U. S. N., retired, is dead. He was placed on the retired list October 4, 1885, after thirty-four years of active service.

Great interest was excited in Washington by the gathering of warships in Venezuelan waters, and the expected German naval demonstration.

Rear-Admiral Robley D. Evans, who commanded the battleship Iowa in the Spanish war, received his share of the Santiago bounty money, amounting to $2166.

A man who killed himself in a hotel at Washington was identified as Geo. A. Klinger, of Schenectady, N. Y.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

General Chaffee and Acting Governor Wright denied that there is any friction between the military and civil authorities in the Philippines.

Captain Frederick S. Foltz, Second Cavalry, was appointed Captain of the Port of Havana, Cuba.

General Bartolome Maso, Democratic candidate for the Presidency of Cuba, gave up the campaign and returned to his home at Manzanillo.

The military prison at Subig Bay was re-established, and a large number of Filipinos captured in Laguna and Batangas Provinces were sent there.

The Government plans to establish a fiduciary bank at Manila as soon as affairs are more settled.

DOMESTIC.

While skating at Greenwich, Conn., Leroy Mosher, eight years old, was drowned.

The postoffice at Cold Water, Miss., was robbed of $500 in money and stamps.

Theodore Duddleston, Jr., formerly bookkeeper for the Stock Yards Bank of East St. Louis, Ill., was arrested on a warrant charging him with embezzling $11,054.

Indictments for operating bucket shops at Denver, Col., were returned against three firms.

While skating at Livonia, N. Y., Walter and Gerald Doble fell in an air hole and were drowned.

Eight women prisoners in jail at Indianapolis, Ind., mutinied and had to be subdued by turning a stream of water on them.

Three children were burned to death at Buffalo, N. Y., in a tenement house fire.

In a train wreck at Malta, Ill., several persons were killed and injured.

James Eads, a farmer, of Manheim, N. Y., cut his throat with a razor while despondent over a court case which went against him.

Kansas grist mills must close because of the shortage of wheat brought about by the jump in price.

The Cannon Ball express train on the Boston and Maine Railroad was wrecked at Nashua, N. H., and two men were killed.

Because his wife left him, August Iceberg, a farmer, at Yates City, Ill., killed her and himself, and shot their stepson.

A terrific gale swept the foothills of the Rocky Mountains from Cheyenne to Pike's Peak, doing considerable damage to property.

The revenue cutter Hamilton warned Spanish squatters off Acosta Island, a Government reservation near Charlotte Harbor, off the coast of Florida.

Nathan Eckman, keeper of the Whale Rock light, was drowned by the upsetting of his boat while returning from Narragansett Pier, R. I., with his mail and supplies.

Freight Engineer McDivit was killed in a collision with an express at Thescalon, Mich.

Nineteen-year-old Lottie L. Buchinger, daughter of a farmer near Dalton, N. Y., committed suicide by shooting herself through the head.

Nicaragua and Venezuela accepted invitations to participate in the St. Louis World's Fair of 1903.

C. C. Bangs, the partner of Kit Carson and a veteran of the Mexican war, died at Altona, Boulder County, Col. He was seventy-four years of age.

Miss Lizzie Taylor was practicing with a gun at Burkes Station, Va., when a Southern Railway train passed behind the target. Frederick Marshall, a brakeman, was shot and killed.

A detachment of 453 recruits left the barracks at Columbus, Ohio, for the Philippines.

FOREIGN.

Japan has begun to erect wireless telegraph stations along the Korean coast.

The Russian police said they had discovered an anti-government plot at Odessa of the most dangerous character.

Belgian gambling houses proposed to establish a Monte Carlo at Samos, if the Sultan of Turkey would consent.

The Nicaraguan Congress organized for a sixty-days' session, with Senor Santiago Lopez as President.

The Dominion Government appointed veterinary inspectors for shipping ports between the United States and Canada.

The Austrian Lord Chief Justice, Chevalier Holzinger, committed suicide at Vienna. He was driven to the act by the fear that he was going totally blind.

An electric wire caused a loss of $250,000 in a Victoria (B. C.) department store.

The violence of the snowstorms which have prevailed in Norway is almost unprecedented.

Preparations are being made on the Island of Martinique for a revolutionary expedition against President Castro, of Venezuela.

The British steamer Goth, arriving at Island of Ascension, from South Africa, surrendered a Boer prisoner, who was smuggled on board in a box at St. Helena.

The Hebrew Zionist Congress of 1000 delegates from all parts of the world opened at Basle, Switzerland.

Emperor William at the Gotha celebration declared his great aim was to promote evangelical union in Germany.

The River Arno overflowed its banks and caused much damage at Florence and Pisa, Italy.

A woman was killed, thirty-six persons were injured and many buildings were wrecked by a tornado at Naples, Italy.

The Spanish Order of the Golden Fleece was bestowed upon Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, of Russia.

PALMA ELECTED IN CUBA

He is Chosen the First President of the Island Republic.

General Maso, the Democratic Candidate Withdrew from the Campaign—A Light Vote Polled—Newspaper Comments.

Havana, Cuba.—The Central Board of Scrutiny has given out the following results of the elections which have just been held in Cuba. Thomas Estrade Palma, the Nationalist candidate for the Presidency of Cuba, has fifty-five electors, while General Bartolome Maso, the Democratic candidate, who withdrew from the campaign, has eight electors.

Senor Palma received the unanimous electoral delegations from the Provinces of Pinar del Rio, Havana, Matanzas and Santa Clara, and one elector from Puerto Principe and five electors from Santiago. General Maso secured three electors from Puerto Principe and five from Santiago.

THOMAS ESTRADA PALMA.
(The people of Cuba have elected him to be their first President of the New Republic.)

The following civil Governors were elected: Perez, in Pinar del Rio; Nunez, in Havana; Lucciena, in Matanzas; Gomez, in Santa Clara; Recio, in Puerto Principe, and Echevarria, in Santiago Province.

A remarkably light vote was polled throughout the island.

As was to be expected there is a wide divergence of opinion. La Discussion describes the indifference shown to the certainty on the part of the Palma voters of being victorious, and that consequently the majority of them remained at home and did not vote. La Lucha says that this light vote can be taken as a protest from the Cuban people against the imposition of official candidates. The Diario de la Marina says that the result is an indication that the Cuban Democracy may look upon the American policy as inevitable.

CUBA'S FIRST PRESIDENT TALKS.

Teaching of the Arts of Peace to Be His Great Aim.

Central Valley, N. Y.—Thomas Estrada Palma, the newly elected President of Cuba, has received a telegram from Mendosa Capote, member of the Board of Elections of Cuba, saying that Palma's election was unanimous. After reading this telegram President Palma talked freely of his future policy. He said:

"It will be my effort to maintain good feelings between Cuba and the United States and bring the agriculture of Cuba to the proficiency it has attained h[illegible] I will have my people taught the arts and manufactures and make them understand that industry is necessary for all classes. I expect to go to the Island in April or as soon as I can arrange my affairs here and go to work with my people."

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP WRECKED.

The Walla Walla In Collision With Unknown Bark off Cape Mendocino.

San Francisco, Cal.—An unknown iron bark, supposedly of French origin, smashed into the steamship Walla Walla off Cape Mendocino, on the California coast. While the steamship sank to the bottom of the sea and her passengers and crew took to the lifeboats for their lives, the bark crept off in the darkness and nothing has been heard of her since.

All but twenty-seven of the 160 persons on the Walla Walla have been accounted for. Quartermaster Wilkinson, Fireman Martel, L. Drube and three passengers are known to have been drowned, having been in the boat that was swamped in trying to effect a landing at Trinidad.

Sixty-five of the survivors were picked up by the steamship Dispatch as they floated around in the small boats. It was when these arrived at Eureka, Cal., that the news of the disaster was first heard on shore, and many tugs were immediately sent out to rescue the remaining boats.

Captain A. L. Hall stood on the rocked steamship's deck until he saw every one get into the boats safely. Then he ordered the boats to pull away. This they did. The vessel sank, the Captain with her, but in some way he managed to get clear of the rigging, and one of the boat crews rescued him from the water.

Reduction of Boer Fighting Force.

The total reduction of the effective Boer fighting force in the last year, according to official reports, is 21,800.

Husband and Wife Burned to Death.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Gorton were burned to death at their home at Litchfield, Minn. Mr. Gorton had been an invalid for years.

Business Failures For a Week.

Business failures during the previous week, according to R. G. Dun & Co., numbered 250 in the United States and 23 in Canada.

Cripple Creek Pans Out $45,000,000.

The output of gold from the Cripple Creek mines in Colorado last year was $27,000,000.

Sporting Brevities.

Yale chess players have won the intercollegiate trophy, with the Columbia team second.

The recent offer of $5000 in salary for one year, made by the Detroit American League club to Willie Keeler, was bona fide.

The Automobile Club of America has taken steps to obtain customs privileges to touring chauffeurs in crossing the Canadian border.

"It is not quantity that wins baseball games," George Davis observes in Chicago. "New York at present lacks the quality in its players."

EUREKA
HARNESS OIL
Rain and sweat have no effect on harness treated with Eureka Harness Oil. It resists the damp, keeps the leather soft and pliable. Stitches do not break. No rough surface to chafe and cut. The harness not only keeps looking like new, but wears twice as long by the use of Eureka Harness Oil.
Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes. Made by
Standard Oil Company

Like Unto Like.

"And love restored his reason," said the sweet young thing in concluding her story.

"It is the first time," returned the old bachelor, "that I ever heard of insanity curing insanity."—Chicago Post.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

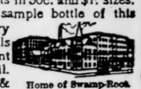
How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Norfolk and Southern R.R.

Schedule in effect Jan 10th, 1902.

TRAIN SERVICE.

NORTHBOUND:

Leave Eliz City daily [except Sunday]		2:40, p. m.
Arrive at Norfolk " " "		4:20, p. m.
Leave Elizabeth City'		9:25, a. m
Arrive at Norfolk " "		11:00, a. m

SOUTHBOUND:

Leave Eliz. City daily (except Sunday)	11:36, a. m
Arrive at Edenton " " "	12:30, p. m
Arrive Belhaven " " "	5:20, p. m.
Leave Eliz City [daily except Sunday]	5:45 p. m
Arrive Edenton	6:40 p. m.

Trains stop at all intermediate stations.

Connect at Norfolk with trains to and from Virginia Beach and Currituck Branch Virginia Beach Division.

STEAMBOAT SERVICE.

Steamers leave Edenton daily (except Sunday 12:45 p. m., for Plymouth, Jamesville, Williamston and Windsor. Leave Edenton Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 12,45, p. m., for Chowan River Landings and Friday for Scuppernong River.

Steamers leave Elizabeth City for Roanoke Island, Oriental and Newberne, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday and connect with the A. & N. C. Railroad, the Atlantic Coast Line for Goldsboro and Wilmington, &c. and for Scuppernong River Monday and Wednesday. Steamers leave Belhaven daily (except Sunday) for Washington, N. C., and 5, a. m., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Aurora, South Creek and Makleyville, and Monday, and Friday for Swan Quarter, Ocracoke and Oriental.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City. or to the General Office of the Norfolk & southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. E. KING, Gen'l Mng'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Pt & Pass'r Agt

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. F. MARTIN, D. D. S., Elizabeth City, N. C., offers his professional services to the public in all the branches of DENTISTRY. Can be found at all times.

R. P. JENKINS,

*** Attorney-at-Law, ***

CAROLINIAN BUILDING, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Special attention given to Collections and Conveyancing. Business conducted with promptness and dispatch.

ISAAC M MEEKINS,

*** Attorney-at-Law. ***

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Practice in the District and Federa Courts. Collections promptly made.

HOTELS.

KEATON'S HOTEL,

WM. G. SYMONS, & SON, PROPS.,

Main Street, Near Water

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Good Table, Clean Beds, Polite Attention. Board by the day week or month.

TERMS REASONABLE.

BAY VIEW HOTEL

Sample Rooms and Hacks Free,

F. A. WHITE, Proprietor.

Fronting Edenton Bay, Edenton, N.C

GEORGE W. BELL,

Gun-Smith.

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

N. G. GRANDY & CO.

COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS.

Agents for American Fertiliser Co's.

HIGH CLASS

FERTILIZERS.

Buyers of Cotton Seed. Dealers in Cotton Seed Meal and Hulls, Hay, Corn and Oats.

REFERENCES: Citizen's Bank, First National Bank.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor.

THE TRUTH OF THE MATTER.

Says the Washington Post:

"Our Southern contemporaries are in error in their assumption that the proposition to reduce representation in Congress and in the electoral colleges by reason of the disfranchisement of negroes is altogether a republican scheme, having no support outside of that party. This movement—if it may be dignified by so imposing a name—has some very earnest and active friends among the Northern democrats and has, from its inception in the Fifty-sixth congress, been favored by more than one Northern democratic paper. A search of the files of the New York World would show a sympathetic leaning toward it not very long ago, and the Chicago Chronicle, presumably speaking for the democracy of the Middle West, the battle-ground of presidential campaigns, has stood by and for it, and is still "whooping it up" with an ardor unsurpassed by any organ of the republican party.

"Indeed, the republican press, with very few exceptions, has treated the subject with a calmness bordering on indifference. There has been an almost total absence of the old brand of sectionalism, and the general tenor of republican press comment has not been bitter or even unkind toward the South.

"But the Chronicle has manifested a decidedly acrimonious spirit toward its democratic brethren in the only solidly and reliably democratic section. It has laid the blame of the long series of democratic disasters at their door. It has demanded reduction of representation as the imperative duty of Congress, and has argued that such a course was the only way by which the overwhelming majority of the democratic party—the democrats of the East, the Middle States, the Middle West, and the far West—could have their proper share of influence in democratic councils, in the formulation of policies, the selection of candidates, and management of campaigns."

As the Asheville Gazette very pertinently remarks:

"The "solid south" pulls the hot chestnuts out of the fire for the Democratic party in the north and west and in return it gets nothing."

UNCALLED FOR.

The Elizabeth City correspondent of the News & Observer, whoever he may be, in his write-ups of the Cropsey case has made more than one astonishing declaration. Here is a sample:

"It is a singular fact that perhaps more interest has been taken in the Cropsey case elsewhere than here. Even Solicitor Ward, the prosecuting attorney, said today that he took little interest in the case until the body was found. Then he knew that it would be "up to him" and he began looking after evidence. Even the people in Camden county, across the river, have apparently manifested more interest in the girl's fate than the people of this city."

Well! well! where has ye correspondent been these many weary weeks? Seldom have we heard of a community as thoroughly stirred to its depths as Elizabeth City has been over the Cropsey case, and in every way possible the citizens of this community have striven to unearth the dark mystery that surrounds the death of Ella Maude Cropsey. This slander upon the community should not be passed unnoticed. The correspondent of the Observer shows poor taste indeed when he twits Elizabeth City because it failed to take kindly to the policy of mob violence and lynch law advocated by some hot-heads from adjoining counties.

Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars in place of fifty thousand is the sum which the various committees of the Roanoke Island Sir Walter Raleigh celebration have petitioned to Congress for as the amount needed for a proper celebration of the first English colony in America.

A company will be chartered at Raleigh at once to raise a similar amount and the celebration at Roanoke Island, the birth place of Virginia Dare, the first native born white child in America, as well as the first landing place of an English colony, will be made a great national event.

General Chaffee in command of the American forces in the Philippines throws some light on present conditions in that archipelago in a recent letter in which he says:

"The situation improves every day. You may think the progress slow. I admit that it seems so to anyone at a distance not familiar with the situation and the character of the people. In time they will be forced to admit that our purpose to secure peace is fixed and that the United States cannot be swerved from its purpose at any cost. My opinion is that there has been entirely too much talk hitherto of what the Filipinos may hope for from us."

We print in another column an interesting article under the caption "The Man To Watch." Coming as it does from a Democratic source, the article in question furnishes interesting reading. It embodies a recognition of the fact that the senior Senator from North Carolina is the most able and in mental attainments the most solid man that has represented the Old North State in the Senate Chamber for many a day.

THE MAN TO WATCH.

In business or politics it is well for those so engaged to regard every competitor as an equal in foresight, skill and courage.

It is the underrated competitor that so often proves the really dangerous man in the end, for his actions have not received the credit due them because of his being under valued as to ability.

The successful opponents to the Democratic party in North Carolina have all been underrated as to their political acumen.

Marion Butler, was scoffed and sneered at, yet some leading Democrats were glad to associate with him, when he reached his political supremacy, although previously and since they truck at him when his back was turned.

Daniel Russell, with bull dozing as his chief genius to gain power, got into the gubernatorial chair, through an under estimation of his political sagacity.

And today, the Democratic party, with its machine newspapers is fooling itself in chasing Senator Pritchard, and thinking he is on the run.

In belaboring a political opponent, it is just as well to note when the real hot shot is being employed, or whether the destructive boomerang is being flung.

The business interests of North Carolina do not care for the socalled argument, often published, that Senator Pritchard is not a native North Carolinian. What force there is in this, no sensible person can see.

And if the Senator has his hand in the disposition of political offices, there is hardly anything notable in such a condition. His prominent position warrants his dealing out patronage.

But what the voters want to know is, how has Senator Pritchard represented his constituency, his State, in Washington, and if the trade and financial interests of North Carolina have received his care and just attention at all times when he was in the United States Senate.

The fact is that the Democratic party in this State is incorrectly sizing up Senator Pritchard, and adding each month to the Senator's political capital and strength.

There is no use being self-deceived, Senator Pritchard is a very strong man, and not the straw figure, which so many democrats are hitting and imagining they are dealing lusty and effective political blows.

The real Senator Pritchard is the man to watch, and the one whom Democracy must deal with, if it shall win.—Newbern Journal.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Cures Rheumatism and Catarrh after all Else Fails. Costs Nothing to Try.

To cure the most desperate rheumatism or catarrh the Botanic Blood Balm (B.B.B.) the wonder of the age. Cures when all else fails. It kills the poison in the blood and gives a pure, healthy blood supply, stopping all gnawing, shooting aches and pains in the bones, joints, back, and reduces all swellings. Hawking, spitting, dropping in the throat, offensive breath and catarrah, irritations of the mucous membranes quickly disappear thus making a perfect, permanent cure of the worst rheumatism or deep-seated catarrh. B. B. B. especially advised for old, obstinate cases. Druggist, $1. Trial treatment free and prepaid by writing Dr. Gillam, 213 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given.

ALL WOMEN

Wine of Cardui is the guardian of a woman's health and happiness from youth to old age. It helps her safely into womanhood. It sustains her during the trials of pregnancy, childbirth and motherhood, making labor easy and preventing flooding and miscarriage. It gently leads her through the dangerous period known as the change of life.

WINE OF CARDUI

cures leucorrhœa, falling of the womb, and menstrual irregularity in every form. It is valuable in every trying period of a woman's life. It reinforces the nervous system acts directly on the genital organs and is the finest tonic for women known. Ask your druggist for a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui.

Batesville, Ala., July 11, 1900. I am using Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught and I feel like a different woman already. Several ladies here keep the medicines in their homes all the time. I have three girls and they are using it with me. Mrs. KATE BROWDER.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department", The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

And still they come. Hon. S. B. Alexander, of Mecklenberg, a Democrat, has announced his candidacy as senator to succeed Senator Pritchard.

CITY FATHERS MEET.

At the regular monthly meeting of the City Fathers at the City Hall Monday evening last matters of more than usual importance were considered.

It was ordered that the wooden awnings which now deface Water St and Main St, from Poindexter to Water be removed and all unbricked sidewalks on said thoroughfares be paved.

The annual donation of $100 was voted to the Naval Reserves.

J. D. Stillman, the accidental discoverer of the body of Miss Cropsey was voted $10, a sum equal to that voted by the county.

It was ordered that all goods on sidewalks in the mercantile district be removed at night.

The committee appointed to inquire into the matter of the proposed opening up of Water St, and the bridging of the same across the river at its present northern and southern termini reported that they had been unable to reach an amicable agreement with the owners of property at said termini. A committee consisting of W. C. Glover, Maurice Wescott, H. T. Greenleaf, Chas. Reid and C. J. Ward, was appointed to condemn said property and make report thereon. In this regard the CAROLINIAN as a tax-payer and having the interests of the public at heart cannot refrain from saying a word. It is opposed and strongly opposed to the opening up of Water St. at an expense to the public purse of thousands of dollars. It does not see that the opening up of this thoroughfare is a public necessity. It does not see how the general public would be greatly benefitted thereby, though it does see the advantage to be thus gained by certain individual property owners. There are too many public utilities that cry aloud to heaven for attention and that have a first call on the city revenue. We need water works and sewerage and need them badly. The sanitary condition of Elizabeth City is a disgrace to the town. It is a matter worthy of consideration that there is not another municipality in the State of anything like Elizabeth City's population that has not one or both of these utilities. The streets that we already have are many of them in a deplorable condition. In the face of these facts it is proposed to spend a vast sum of money for an improvement that can well bide its time. The CAROLINIAN registers its astonished protest against such contemplated action, and believes that in so doing it has the support of nine-tenths of the tax-payers of the community. If the Aldermen persist in arbitarily proceeding in this matter, and lay this unnecessary burden on the public, they will thereby assume a heavy responsibility to public opinion.

A petition was introduced by C. M. Ferebee, Esq., attorney for the Elizabeth City Electric Railroad and Power Co., asking for a franchise to operate an electric railway in Elizabeth City, The petition was referred to the Street Committee.

An informal petition was introduced by G. W. Ward, Esq., asking for a similar franchise for himself, associates and assigns to operate an electric railroad in Elizabeth City. The names of the parties whom he represents were not disclosed. The petition was referred to the Street Committee

A petition was introduced by I. M. Meekins, Esq., for himself, associates and assigns, asking for the privilege of constructing a system of water works in Elizabeth City, furnishing 70 hydrants, the same to be accepted by the city at an annual rental of $2,320, the city reserving the right to purchase upon 6 months notice. Mr. Meekins represents a Philadelphia concern, name not given.

W. D. Pender, Esq., of Norfolk, representing the Elizabeth Water Power Co. recently incorporated, petitioned for a similar privilege, annual rental for 75 hydrants $2,800.

Through a slight misunderstanding a somewhat warm and wordy war was precipitated between attorneys representing petitioners. As a result both petitions were withdrawn. A motion was then passed by the board opening itself to bids for the construction of water-works, sealed proposals, each accompanied by a $10,000 bond, to be filed with the Mayor and opened at the regular meeting of the Board, March 3rd. Mr. Pender generously offered to assign all rights held by his company under the before mentioned special act of the legislature to the successful bidder should his bid not be accepted, thus avoiding delay that would otherwise be necessitated until the meeting of the next legislature. E. F. Lamb, Esq., gave notice that as representing un-named clients he would, also, submit a bid. The accepted bid will be then submitted to the people. The idea seems to be to establish water-works and then have a system of sewerage installed by the city after proper plans and specifications have been drawn up by a competent engineer. The introduction of the sewerage system will require time and a large outlay of money. Such a system is sadly needed by the city, however, and water works would be of but small value without it.

The usual routine business was, also, transacted.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Safe. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.

CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO. 2100 Madison Square, PHILA., PA. Mention this paper.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Cures Hacking Coughs, Sore Lungs, Grippe, Pneumonia and Bronchitis in a few days. Why then risk Consumption? Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Don't be imposed upon. Refuse the dealer's substitute. It is not as good as Dr. Bull's.

Schenck's Oil cures Rheumatism and all Pain. Price, 15 and 25 cents.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

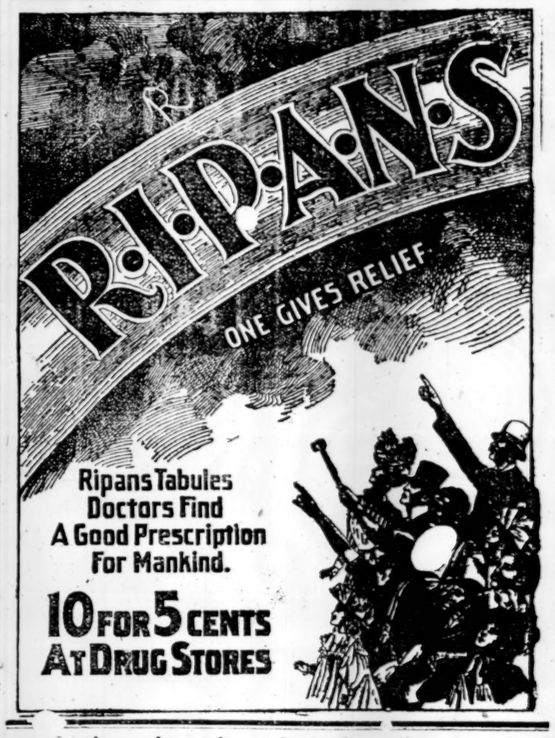
Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



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Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders are promptly filled.

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A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

Lanphear & Haft

Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish Lobsters

Etc., Etc

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.

Agents.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION.

Having qualified as Administrator of the late Thos. J. Murden I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

J. Q. A. WOOD, Administrator.

Dec. 12, 1901.

SEND US YOUR

JOB WORK!

N. R. PARKER AND CO.,

Real Estate and Rental Agent.

Office:—Albemarle Steam Laundry.

I offer the following properties for sale:

No. 1. 200 acre farm, 75 acres improved, good dwelling, good barn and other out houses.
" 2. 20 acres good house land improved.
" 3. 65 acres improved, close to city.
" 4. 70 acres, fair buildings, excellent land, 8 miles from town.
" 5. 7 acres near city limits unimproved.
" 6. 28 lots vacant, good location, big bargains
" 7. 1 lot close to factory, good location.
" 8. 1 lot 40x100, new house near town, fine location.
" 9. 1 lot 45x100, very desirable location for residence.
" 10. 1 good house, 6 rooms, good style, good location.
" 11. 1 lot, good house, 7 rooms, good style, fine location.
" 12. 1 lot, good house 7 rooms, good style, fine location.
" 13 1 lot good location.
" 14. 1 lot on Main St, fine location.
" 15. 1 lot on Main St, fine location.
" 16. 6 lots on Road Street.
" 17. 1 lot, good house, 6 rooms good location.
" 18. 1 lot 120x130 fine house, modern built. hot and cold waterworks, everything up to date.
" 19. 1 vacant lot, good location.
" 20. 1 tract of timber land 320 acres.
" 21. 1 26-acre farm on suberbs of town, all good high improved land.
" 22. 2 lots on Church street, fine location for residence.
" 23. 1 farm close to city 189 acres, Good building, fine land.
" 24. 1 house on Church street, nice large house, 9 rooms, good location, pleasant home, big bargain.

Various other farms and city property too numerous to mention can be had on very easy terms.

Situations Secured

for graduates or tuition refunded. Write at once for catalogue and special offers.

Massey Business Colleges

Louisville, Ky. Houston, Tex. Montgomery, Ala. Columbus, Ga.

Richmond, Va. Birmingham, Ala. Jacksonville, Fla.

The opportunity of a life time is at

JONES, RAPER & CO.'S STORE.

Shoes, Clothing, Gents Furnishing Goods, Umbrellas, Hats.

Christmas is over but our bargains still continue. You can find desirable goods in our store and the prices are just as cheap as you wish them. Nothing nicer than a nice neck tie, pair of shoes, suit of clothes, or a nice umbrella. Fine late styles of hats, gloves, suspenders, hose or shirts. Read the following offers and judge for yourself.

Several doz. Ladies Kid Gloves in all colors, worth $1 our price **63c**

Gentlemens Kid Gloves dressed and undressed, from 50c to $1.50 in all colors, including the late style made.

Ladies Handkerchiefs 5, 10 and 17 cents. Bargains at the prices charged.

Gentlemens Silk suspenders **50 and 75c** the latest style out.

Gentlemens Christmas Handkerchiefs, plain, fancy and initial, Silk Mufflers and linen of all kinds.

Neckwear for gentlemen in every description, Tuck, Four-in-Hand, Batwing, String, Puff ties and Imperials in all the latest shades, **25 to 50c**

50 Men's Blue-Black and Fancy Suits worth $4.00, the lot we will sell for **$2.25** Don't miss this chance.

36 Men's Oxford Gray Overcoats, well worth $7.00, we will sell for **$5.00** Don't miss buying one.

25 doz. Men's Laundried Percale Shirts, collars attached and detached, worth 50c, extraordinary value. **25c**

30 doz. Men's Madras, fine Percale Shirts in soft and stiff bosoms, all sizes, good values, bargains for **50c**

15 doz Men's White Unlaundered Shirts, 2 for **75c**

Ladies vests and pants 20c, 25c and 50c each. Nice goods for the money.

50 doz Ladies Hose in fancy colors, plain, black and ribbed, worth 15c 20c and 25c, good values as long as they last, for **12 1-2c per pair.**

15 doz. Boys Percale Shirts with collars and without, **2 for 75c.**

75 doz. Men's Blue Fleece Lined Undershirts and drawers. You will pay 50c anywhere. Buy of us for **40c each.**

25 doz. Mens Wool Fleece Shirts and Drawers. We only charge **50c each.** It means a saving to you of 25c each.

Thousands and Thousands of pairs of Ladies Gentlemens Childrens and Misses Shoes. Finest to the Coarsest Shoes made. Prices the cheapest in town.

45 Mens Black, Blue and Fancy Suits, values at $5, we only charge $3.75 a suit.

38 Mens Blue and black Clay Worsteds, worth $6 and $7; we give a whole suit for $5.

50 Mens double Breasted and Round Sack, Blue, Black and Oxford Greys and Fancy Cheviots, well worth $7 a suit, only $5 here.

Such offers right in the height of the season will astonish the entire trade and will send thousands of enthusiastic buyers to

JONES, RAPER AND CO.

Cor Main and Water Sts.

It is True

THAT we are doing the grocery business of this city? We are at the present time enjoying the best grocery trade we've had for years. There must be a reason for it. Nowhere in the district will you find a more complete Grocery store. We have made a specialty of the

GROCERY

business for years. Each succeeding season finds us in better shape to please you in this line of merchandise. We are branching out—growing better and better all the time.

W. J. WOODLEY,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Tailoring For Fall 1901-2.

I am now ready for Fall and Winter orders. I am displaying this season the handsomest line of samples in woolens ever shown. Let me make your suit now before the rush. You can get it when you want it. I guarantee every garment to be perfect as to material, fit, finish, trimmings and workmanship.

You Run No Risk.

C. RAULFS,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

33 Fearing St. Elizabeth City, N. C.

My Knowledge of the Human Eye

is based upon hard study and practical experiences, this helps greatly in giving you just the kind of glasses you need. We make no mistakes, and are never out of a particular number of lense, so you run no risk by coming here.

Hathaway,

Eyesight Specialist.

EXAMINATION FREE.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor, T. R. Wilson; Aldermen: M. N. Sawyer, Dr A. L Pendleton, W M. Baxter, J B Culpepper, J B Fearing, Fred Thomas and Louis Anderson, Clerk and Tax Collector, R B Whitehurst Treasurer, J. E. Forebee, Chief of Police, W. C. Dawson, A C. Bell Assistant, J C Scarborough and Wilson Brothers Fuller, Attorney, P W McMullan; Street Commissioners, J. Weeks; Fire Commissioners, Jas. Richardson; Health Officer, Dr John B Griggs; Harbor Master, J Medlin.

Collector of Customs—Palemon John.

Postmaster—Elizabeth C. Pool.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. S. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the office of Road and Church Sts.

CHURCHES.

Methodist: D. H. Tuttle pastor; Baptist, C W. Duke, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, Rector; Presbyterian, J. Spencer Smith pastor. Methodist Episcopal on Pearl street: Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. T. S. Davis, pastor.

Church of Christ, M. Pittman pastor, services in Court House, every Sunday morning and night.

COLORED—Methodist, W. L. Clayton, pastor Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch M W E Norman, pastor; St. Philip, W. J. Heritage rector; St. Stephen, W. Arterbridge pastor; Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. S. Morgan, Thomas R. Palmer, George D. Sherlock and W. J. D. Spence; Standard Keeper, R. B. White. J. F. Newbold, Keeper of Alms House. Sheriff, Nathan D. Gentry; Superior Court Clerk, W. Harney Jennings; Register of Deeds, J. C. Spence; Treasurer, J. A. Foster; Supervisor of Roads, J. Sheep; Board of Education: J C Commander, Charles Sawyer and E V Davenport; Coroner, Dr Isaiah Lea; County Physician, Dr A T Aydlett, Surveyor, Perry.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.
Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.
Select School, L. S. Pellett, Principal.
State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

Stop A Minute!

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N. C.

NOTICE.

North Carolina, Perquimans County. } In the Superior Court, Spring Term 1902.

Lizzie Nora Morgan ptff. against John S Morgan Deft.

The defendant above named, John Morgan will take notice, that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the superior Court of Perquimans County, by the plaintiff above named, to obtain a divorce from the bonds of matrimony which now exists between said plaintiff and defendant; and the said defendant will take further notice that he is required to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of said county, to be held in the town of Hertford, on the 4th Monday in March A. D. 1902, at the court house of said county of Perquimans, State aforesaid, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 19th day of December 1901.

L. V. PERRY, C. S. C. Perquimans County, N. C.

F. PICARD, Ptff's Atty. 6t

NOTICE!

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Pasquotank County, N. C., dated December 2nd, 1901, in re J. P. Eves, plaintiff against Wilson Forbes, Jesse Forbes and Raymond Forbes, defendants, I shall offer for sale at the Court House door in said county on Saturday, January 11th, 1902, at 12 o'clock m., the following described piece or parcel of property viz: That certain tract of land which T. S. Forbes bought of J. P. Eves and W. W. Eves, administrators of Sarah J. Eves, deceased, at Trustee's sale on 27th day of December, 1897, said Deed recorded in Book No. 19, page—— Register of Deed's office in said county being lot known as lots Nos. 4 and 5 of the Yost and Preyor plat of property which said Yost and Preyor purchased of Z. Fearing situate on the North side of Poor House Road and being 150 feet on said Road and extending back 500 feet, said lot being in said County and in Nixonton Township near the town of Elizabeth City. Terms of Sale Cash.

This the 11th day of December, 1901.

J. B. LEIGH, Commissioner.

For Sale.

A fine Piano. A Grand, rosewood case, celebrated Haines make. Owner wishes to move. Inquire at this office.

For Sale.

A second hand cook stove, also one oil stove with attachable oven for baking. Apply this office.

FOR SALE!

Set of bed room furniture; marble topped bureau and wash-stand, bedstead with springs, mattress almost new and good feather bed and two rockers. Price $15.00. Inquire at this office.

For Rent.

Large, commodious dwelling, containing ten large, delightful rooms, big halls, wide stairway, handsome internal decorations, beautiful grounds large garden, situated near central portion of city. Reasonable terms. Apply this office.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

The North Carolinian.

Thursday, Jan. 9, 1902.

NOTE.

When you have read this paper mail it to a friend—as good as a letter.

IN 1901.

As the present old year is approaching its bier.
All bent and and decrepit with age,
And a younger one waits just outside of the gates
All ready to hop on the stage.
Don't you think 'twould be well ere the tap of the bell
To jot down the good things you'll do,
How the year you'll begin and the honors you'll win
In 1902?
Bury all of your woes with the year at its close
So deeply they never can rise,
Put your hand to the wheel and push forward with zeal
With a resolute fire in your eyes.
Hit the trail with a will, although steep be the hill,
To yourself and your honor be true,
Keep an eye to the right and you'll win in the fight
In 1902.
As the passing year dies if the smiles of the skies
Your gratified eyes ever greet,
If the path you have trod by the blessing of God
Has always been smooth to your feet,
Help unfortunates press to the goal of success,
Lend a hand to those weaker than you,
And you'll meet with reward at the hands of the Lord
In 1902.

FROM HITHER AND YON

Advertising is much like courting, you must stick to it to win.

"The day after" to lots of people seemed the longest day of the year.

The philosopher who declared that God made the country, man made the city and the devil made the small town, was evidently not without experience. He must, in truth, have tasted of life in a village.

People may believe Wilcox guilty of the murder of Miss Cropsey, but in the absence of direct testimony they will have some difficulty in assigning a reasonable motive.—Tarboro Southernor.

In our last week's issue we stated that the estate of Geo. W. Cobb, bankrupt, which was recently closed by order of Court, paid 75 cents on the dollar. In this we were in error. The estate paid 56 3-16 per cent.

Hon. Graham Daves, of Newbern, says: "It is suggested that organizations, and other visitors attending the proposed Ter-Centennial to be held on Roanoke Island, could be comfortably and agreeably provided for in an encampment. A convenient and desirable location on the island for such an encampment could be had without cost on the property of the Roanoke Colony Memorial association, an association in entire sympathy and cooperation with the proposed celebration. That association owns a tract of about 240 acres of land.

There are no further developments in the Cropsey case. Wilcox, the accused, is resting quietly in the city jail here where he will await the finding of the grand jury in March. He employs his time largely in reading papers and magazines. While the case still furnishes the all-absorbing subject of local discussion the town is comparatively quiet. As stated before, the evidence on which Wilcox is held seems to be of a most purely circumstantial nature. Under trying circumstances the accused continues to bear up with remarkable nerve.

A trophy gun has been received at the State museum in Raleigh. It was part of the second battery of the Cristobal Colon at Santiago. The Spaniards, during the hot pursuit, threw overboard the breech blocks of most of the guns. This gun is about 14 feet in length. It will be placed beside the gun captured from the Spanish fleet at Manila, which was presented to Raleigh by the cruiser Raleigh. It was procured through Congressman Small from the New York Navy Yard, by authority of a special act of Congress allowing cities to obtain these guns as curios or mementoes.

The weather bureau has decided to push its wireless telegraph experiments along the North Carolina coast. Observer Pickells, of Norfolk, has been ordered to Manteo, N. C., to join Profs. Fessender, Thlessen and Hesse, the weather bureau's wireless telegraphy experts. The system has already been in successful operation between Hatteras and Cape Henry, where permanent stations have been established. The system is now to be extended and attempts will be made to disseminate weather reports to ships at sea. Prof. Fessender claims his system to be superior to that of Marconi, who has only recently successfully signalled across the ocean without wires.

If you want a life-insurance policy for which you will pay about half the premium on an ordinary life policy, buy the Washington's Interchangeable-Term Policy.

For Fish or Oysters go to R. A. Dudley & Cos.' Fish and Oyster House at foot of Main St. Everything is kept neat, clean and fresh.

Merchants Tax Levy.

From January 1st to 10th it will be in order for merchants all over the State to comply with section 77 of the Revenue Act, which requires all dealers in goods, wares and merchandise doing business in North Carolina to return under oath, the full amount of their gross sales from Oct. 1st, 1900, to Jan. 1st, 1901, to the registers of deeds in the respective counties. This is for the purpose of levying a merchant's tax on the following scale: On sales less than $500, 50c. Over $500, less than $1,000, $1. Over $1,000, less than $2,000, $1.50. Over $2,000, less than $5,000, $2.50. Over $5,000, less than $10,000, $4. Over $10,000, less than $20,000, $8. Over $20,000, less than $40,000, $12. Over $40,000, less than $60,000, $16. Over $60,000, less than $80,000, $20. Over $80,000, less than $100,000, $24

An Electric Road.

There is something doing in the railroad world around this section, and there is ground to believe that the newest thing on the tapis is an electric railroad from Norfolk to Elizabeth City.

The present Legislature has granted a charter for such a road from Berkley to the Carolina line, and it is the intention it is said, to have the Carolina Legislature complete the route.

The only line in operation now from Norfolk to Elizabeth City is the Norfolk and Southern, which runs two trains daily and has a large steamboat terminal in the town on the Pasquotank.

Just who is behind the new road cannot be learned, but it is rumored the Williams syndicate are the people. —Norfolk Virginian.

Do you like Buckwheat Cakes? If you do try A. F. Toxey & Co. New Buckwheat and Pure Maple Syrup

Railroad to Edenton.

A special dispatch from Baltimore says:

"The Suffolk and Carolina Railroad Company, owned chiefly by Baltimoreans, contemplates a bond issue to cover the cost of the extension of its line to Edenton, N. C., and of betterments that have been and are to be made. About eleven miles of track are yet to be laid before the road reaches Edenton. This extension is seventeen miles long. It will make the Suffolk and Carolina the most direct rail route to the Albemarle sound from Suffolk, and will be finished next March. The entire road from Suffolk to Edenton, a distance of fifty miles, will be broad guaged. Sixty-pound steel rails will take the place of lighter ones now in use."

The recent floods turned the famous old city of Richmond into a Virginian Venice, with boats navigating the principle streets. Fortunately, there was no repetition of the catastrophe at Galveston. Richmond is amply supplied with hills, and only a deluge of the type which finally stranded Noah's Ark on Ararat could engulf the seekers of refuge upon her high places.

When you want a barrel of good Flour try A. F. Toxey & Co.'s "P. X. L."

The new Revenue Act has not yielded the increase in revenues that the Legislature expected and there is a strong probability that the State Teeasurer may not be able to meet some of the $250,000 increased appropriations. Taxes will have to be pushed up a few more notches. Democratic legislatures as experiments are somewhat expensive.

The State superintendent of public instruction is preparing a statement showing the counties in which the public schools are kept open four months in the year, as the constitution requires. Not many counties will be in the list.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 7:09 and will set to-night at 5:06.—A cold wave is said to be moving up north-eastwardly from Texas.—The editor acknowledges with pleasure for self and family New Year greetings from Mr. and Mrs. Jno. W. Green of Alexandria, Va., also a kind letter from ex Solicitor Leary of Edenton. The well wishes are returned with interest.—Mr. R. A. Kellam of Wadesboro has purchased a half interest in the Standard Pharmacy on Poindexter St. Mr. Kellam is an experienced pharmacist and a most genial gentleman. Mr. Kellam's presence will undoubtedly add to the popularity of that already deservedly popular establishment.—Mr. Frank Baxter left last week for Holyoke, Mass., where he has accepted a position with the National Blank Book Co of that place.—Mr. M. L. Sanderlin, wife and child, have returned from a holiday outing in northern cities.—The Chamber of Commerce has accomplished two praise-worthy feats. It has secured double daily trains for E. City, and a down town express office, corner Fearing and Poindexter Sts, under the charge of Mr. Charles Guirkin.—The oyster industry is booming, and, despite the cold weather, the canning factories are kept busy.—Mr. M. R. Griffin and family have moved into their new and picturesque home on upper Church St.—The festive burglar who has been vacationing for some months has again made his appearance. Last week he celebrated the New Year by entering a home on North Road St. He was discovered but made good his escape without identification.—Miss Clara Bond of Edenton has been the guest of Miss Greenleaf on Main St. during the week just passed —The municipality is sinking a large fire well on upper Main St. It is sadly needed. —The Elizabeth City Lumber Co. has dissolved, the property of the same having been purchased by the Blades Lumber Co. of this city.—Mr. Jas. B. Blades, an ever genial host, entertained a party of young people with an oyster roast at one of his mills on Pennsylvania Ave. Saturday evening last.—The Electric Light Co. has made a 20 per cent raise in the charges for electric lighting in the business houses. Some vigorous kicks are being made. The service, as it is, is not of the best. Fifty-five cents instead of forty-five is now charged for each light per month. New Bern solved the same problem by municipal ownership.—Mr. J. O. Guthrie, State Agent for the Washington Life Ins. Co. of N. Y., was in the city last week settling a $2,000 claim on the life of ex-Sheriff Murden, recently deceased. The policy in question had been assigned as collateral security for a debt to G. W. Cobb, and, in the settlement of the Cobb estate was sold to John Lewis Hinton. Murden's administrator, J. Q. A. Wood, of this city, now lays claim to part of the policy for the estate. His contention is that Hinton is entitled only to the amount paid for the policy together with premiums and interest. Mr. Guthrie has paid the amount of the claim into the hands of a trustee who will hold the same in trust pending the settlement of the dispute between Hinton and the administrator.—Mr. Henry Sanders of Washington spent the holidays visiting his father in this city.—Mr. Fred Lamb who has been spending some time here with his parents on Mathews St. has returned to Raleigh.—The New Bern running between this port and New Bern, N. C. has been replaced by the Ocracoke, a larger and more handsome steamer. Daily boat connections between the two ports will now be assured.—Our popular townsman, Mr. A. Huckabee with the introduction of a system of public baths in connection with his tonsorial parlor on Poindexter St, provides for a long felt want. Turkish and Russian baths may, perhaps, follow.—

The tissue of the life to be
We weave with colors all our own,
And in the field of destiny
We reap as we have sown.

—A sad accident was recorded last Thursday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Wilcox, while driving at an ordinary pace down Poindexter St, ran over a little colored girl. The child received internal injuries and despite the immediate medical attention which was given her died a few hours afterwards. Mr. and Mrs. Wilcox were both deeply grieved over the occurence.—Thaddeus W. Butt, one of the Confederate veterans at the Soldiers' Home at Raleigh, died at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon after a brief illness. He was 72 years of age and had been in the home for ten years. He was a Virginian by birth but lived in Elizabeth City for many years prior to coming to the Soldiers' Home. During the war he did valiant service as a member of Company A. Eighth N. C. Troops —At the regular services of the M. E. Church Sunday evening the stewards of the church for the year 1902 were installed. The Rev. D. H. Tuttle apropos of the occasion took as his text "What Methodism Stands For, or the Seven Cardinal Principles of the Methodist Faith." Dr. Tuttle is an earnest and effective talker. His subject next Sunday evening, "Facing the Twentieth Century." This sermon will be especially addressed to the younger element of the community, who are cordially invited to attend.—The Chamber of Commerce meets Monday night, the 13th. Let every standing committee come prepared with a full report. The annual election of officers will take place at this meeting. In all probability the question of building a connecting railroad line from this city to meet the Suffolk and Carolina at Edenton will, also, be laid before the Chamber. The Hon. T. G. Skinner of Hertford, father of the plan, has been pushing the matter in this city during the past week. The realization of the scheme would mean great things for Elizabeth City.—A report of an interesting meeting of the City Fathers appears in another column.—Something of a sensation was created here Saturday evening by one, John Harris, colored. The said Harris returning suddenly from Norfolk found his better half entertaining masculine company. The visiting gentleman, also of color, decamped suddenly, and Harris proceeded to indicate his disapproval of existing conditions by beating his wife over the head with a chair. The woman received serious injuries and Harris is now in quod.—We understand that L. J. Moore, Esq, of New Berne, one of the best criminal lawyers in the State, has been retained as council for Jas. Wilcox in the Cropsey case.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Mexican Mustang Liniment will readily overcome Loss of Hair, Diseased Hoofs and Scratches in horses mules and cattle. Farmers try it.

A toad under a harrow

suffers no more than the faithful horse that is tortured with Spavins, Swinney, Harness Sores, Sprains, etc. Most horse owners know this and apply the kind of sympathy that heals, known far and wide as

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

Never fails—not even in the most aggravated cases. Cures caked udder in cows quicker than any known remedy. Hardly a disease peculiar to muscle, skin or joints that cannot be cured by it.

Mexican Mustang Liniment is the best remedy on the market for Wind Galls, Sprains and Skin Lumps. It keeps horses and mules in condition.

FULMER & WHITEHURST

(Successors to Fulmer & Co.,)

Have increased their assortment of the choicest Fruits, Confections, cakes, Breakfast Bacon, Heinz's Mince meat Preserves and Apple-butter, New Raisins and Turkish layer Figs; Largest assortment of Canned Meats, Salmon and Sardines, Imported Olive Oil, Extra quality Canned Fruits and Vegetables such as Peaches, Plums, Pears, Pineapple, Apricots and White Cherries, Extra fine Sugar Corn, French Peas, Tomatoes, Beans, Rhubarb and Succotash; also, neat variety of Cereal and Health Foods, Oatmeal, Wheatflakes and Breakfast Foods.

We will appreciate a share of your trade. Our prices are right and we can please you.

Telephone 17.

Paul J. Bungart,

ARCHITECT.

Room No. 2 in Citizen's Bank Bldg.

ELIZABETH CITY, - - - N. C.

M. B. Culpepper. J. B. Culpepper

M. B. Culpepper, & Son.

—DEALERS IN—

Staple and Fancy

Groceries

Corner Road and Ehringhaus Streets.

We keep on hand the best selected Groceries, Confectionaries and Fruits. Country Produce bought and sold.

Free delivery of goods to any part of the city.

Phone 58. E. City, N. C.

The Colored Column.

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Bishop J W Hood, D D L L D, of Fayetteville was in the city Tuesday.

Miss Mary F Wilson and Mr Oliver Dixon were quietly united in marriage at Nixon last Thursday.

Pasquotank County Teachers' Association will hold its annual meeting at Roanoke Institute Saturday morning. The public is cordially invited.

Rev W L Clayton and Mr Elisha Overton were in Norfolk this week on business.

The Emancipation Celebration here last Thursday was a great success. The parade was imposing and especially the showing made by the Hook and Ladder Company. At the Court House Mrs L V Skinner read the Proclamation and Rev L E Fairley delivered the annual address which throughout was an excellent presentation of pertinent, interesting and needed facts. President M D Spellman and Secretary F W M Butler were unanimously re-elected.

One of the most brilliant marriages witnessed here was consummated at Mt Lebanon Church Tuesday afternoon when Prof J H M Butler and Miss Fanny O Newby were joined in the holy state of matrimony by Bishop J W Hood assisted by Bishop A Walters. The happy couple left on the afternoon train for Goldsboro where the bride is teaching in the State Normal School there. Prof Butler expects to leave in a few days for the Philippine Islands where he has been appointed teacher in the American schools.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Elizabeth City State Normal School.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Eleventh Annual Session begins Monday, September 2, 1901, and continues thirty-eight weeks.

Under general supervision of Supt. Public Instruction and State Board of Examiners.

Faculty is composed of four, thoroughly qualified instructors.

Educates and trains both Sexes for Teachers. Excellent course of study. Careful attention given to morals and conduct of students. Good library; building will be improved.

Board $6.50 per month; Tuition free; students enter any time; must be 15 years of age; may furnish board and pay $1.50 per month for room.

For Catalogue and other information, Address, Principal P. W MOORE, A. M.

THE FIRST MEAL * *

The body is a furnace whose fires burn all day. So nature requires that the first meal shall be the strongest. Keep up the morning appetite with frequent changes. Just in, an order of sweet, fresh

Buckwheat

and the best MAPLE SYRUP that money can buy.

Everything that the palate covets and that's good to eat, you'll find it at

LOVE, EVANS & Co.

WATER ST. (Nos. 32 and 34.) ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

A THOROUGH DRUG STORE.

We have every drug carried in ordinary drug stores, and hundreds of drugs that the ordinary druggist never has a call for. Order anything you want. You will get what you want; it will be of the highest possible quality and you will save something on the cost. What you want is good medicines, carefully prepared by those who know how to compound drugs correctly according to your doctor's prescription. We know that our drugs and chemicals are the best quality that can be bought anywhere at any price. We are thoroughly trained and experienced in handling medicines.

Bring Your Next Prescription Here.

STANDARD - PHARMACY.

POINDEXTER ST. (NEAR CENTRAL HOTEL.)

- MELICK -

You will find in our store everything with which to furnish a house. Endless variety at prices to suit your purse.

We have some great bargains left over from the holiday trade. Seeing is believing. Come in and let us prove our statements.

P. W. Melick

WILL YOU RIDE?

IF SO COME TO US FOR A

BUGGY.

Every piece of material that goes into one of our vehicles is the very best. We have a reputation for fine work, and we give our patrons the worth of their money.

Elizabeth City Buggy Company.

YOU SAVE MONEY

By using only the best material in your building ventures. Our Flooring, Ceiling, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Siding, and in fact, all building materials are of the

A No. 1 ORDER.

We have a reputation to sustain and cannot afford to sell anything but the best. All communications receive prompt attention. Fish and Produce Boxes a specialty.

KRAMER BROS. & CO.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

A DOLLAR'S A DOLLAR

And presumably it is worth as much to you as to the next man. Why not save a dollar or two, then, by getting your clothes where you are sure of getting them just as you want them? The extremes of dress are here for those who want them.

Covering--body, head, hand, foot covering ---for all 7 ages of man. Men's Suits and Overcoats

are priced so low, quality and workmanship considered, that to buy elsewhere means money out of pocket.

M. WEISEL.

18, 20, 22 and 24 Main St.

RECORD OF THE PAST YEAR

A Review of the First Twelve Months of the Twentieth Century.

PROGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES

Our Country Assumes a Leading Position Among the Great Industrial Nations — Some of the Principal Events That Have Occurred in America and Elsewhere — Notable Persons Who Have Died.

Washington, D. C.—The first year of the twentieth century has closed with a remarkable record to its credit. Vast changes have been wrought, politically and industrially, in all parts of the world. Every department of human interest has felt the impulse of the opening century, and the year has been one of losses and of gains, of fulfilments and of promises.

The United States has enjoyed unprecedented prosperity. This country has assumed a leading position among the great nations. Its export trade has reached astounding figures, while foreign manufacturers have taken alarm at the increasing proportions of the so-called American invasion of Europe. The general prosperity of the country is reflected in the unexampled condition of the National Treasury. "For the calendar year," said Secretary Gage, "we show receipts in excess of the ordinary expenditures amounting roundly to $100,000,000. Such an excess might have resulted in serious embarrassment had not the department been able by means of this surplus to reduce the public debt in large amounts. The available cash on hand, therefore, is only about $30,000,000 larger than the amount held a year ago. There has been a very material increase in the volume of money in circulation as well as in the amount per capita." The volume is now $2,250,256,230, and the amount per capita, $28.73.

The mill, the loom and the forge have been taxed to supply the domestic and foreign demands for their products. The excessive drought of the summer disastrously affected the corn crop, but this misfortune has been largely counteracted by the unusually high prices which have prevailed for agricultural commodities. The year has been marked by an unprecedented volume of business and enhancement of values in the realm of finance and speculation. The value of industrial securities which have been authorized or created during the calendar year amount to nearly $3,000,000,000. The Wall street panic of last May, while it wiped out many speculative fortunes, did not destroy a single foot of railway or a dollar's worth of real property. Soon after a gigantic combination of the railroads of the Northwest, with a capitalization of $400,000,000 was formed, and harmony was effected among the interests whose clash precipitated the panic.

The railroads of the country have experienced an unusually prosperous year. A serious shortage of cars has impeded the delivery of freight, and has temporarily crippled many industries. Railroad building in the United States has been greater during 1901 than for any year for eleven years previous, the total approximating 5057 miles of line. The construction for the year, added to the total mileage previous, brings the total of the country to approximately 199,370 miles.

Among the principal events of the year of interest to the American people are the taking of the oath of allegiance to the United States upon the part of 50,000 Filipinos in Hollo Province, the inauguration of President McKinley and Vice-President Roosevelt, the capture of Aguinaldo by Brigadier-General Frederick Funston, the establishment of civil government in the Philippines, the holding of the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo, the opening of the Indian reservations in Oklahoma for settlement, the assassination of President McKinley at Buffalo and the succession of Vice-President Roosevelt as President of the United States, the defeat by the yacht Columbia of Sir Thomas Lipton's yacht Shamrock II. In the contest for the America's Cup, the successful test under water of the Holland submarine boat, which remained submerged for fifteen hours, the announcement of Signor Marconi that he had received wireless telegraphy at Halifax, N. S., a message from Cornwall, England; Andrew Carnegie's offer of $10,000,000 for the endowment of a National University at Washington; Mrs. Leland Stanford's gift of $30,000,000 to the Stanford University of California, the ratification of the Nicaragua Canal Treaty with Great Britain by the United States Senate, and the taking of the first practical steps toward an isthmian canal and a Pacific cable.

Important events have transpired in other portions of the world during the past year. Great Britain has been busy with the South African war, with Irish agitation and with grave fiscal problems; France has expelled the religious orders; Germany has experienced the greatest industrial depression in her history; Austria-Hungary has returned to the field of racial and lingual feud; Russia has finished her Siberian Railroad and fallen beneath the sway of an appalling famine; Japan has given fresh proof of her astounding powers of progress; China has been forced into new relationships with the outer world; Crete has attained the desire of ages, the practical annexation to Greece; and the South American States have maintained their propensities for bickering and fighting. In addition two new States have been added to the world's community of nations. Upon the first day of the year the Commonwealth of Australasia came into being, and upon the last day of the year was held the election which will call into existence the Government of the Republic of Cuba.

The year's list of the distinguished dead is remarkable for the many great names which are recorded on it. The roll includes President William McKinley, former President Benjamin Harrison, Queen Victoria, Francesco Crispi, former Premier of Italy; Empress Dowager of Germany, Li Hung Chang, the great Chinese statesman; Abhui Rahman Kahn, the Ameer of Afghanistan; Prince von Hohenlohe, former Chancellor of Germany; President Errazuriz, of Chile; former King Milan, of Servia; Prince Henri de Orleans, Hazen S. Pingree, former Governor of Michigan; Baron Wilhelm von Rothschild, head of the famous banking house; Sir Walter Besant, the novelist; Guiseppe Verdi, the Italian composer; William Maxwell Evarts, former Secretary of State; Kate Greenaway, the child's illustrator; Rear-Admiral Francis M. Bunce, U. S. N., and Ignatius Donnelly, the politician and author.

The great record of gifts and bequests made in 1899 to colleges, universities, libraries and art museums, which reached $70,749,956, must give way to 1901. The total of his gifts reaches $123,888,782. Of the total amount there has been given to educational institutions $68,850,961, to charities $22,217,470, to churches $6,298,489, to museums and art galleries $11,133,112, and to libraries $15,388,732.

$3,607,539,200 IN TRUSTS.

Census Report on the Condition of 183 Industrial Combinations.

Washington, D. C.—Census statistics made public on industrial combinations show a total authorized capitalization on May 31, 1900, for the 183 corporations reported of $3,607,539,200, and capital stock issued $3,085,200,868.

The total value of all the products of the combinations reported is $1,061,295,364, and subtracting the value of the products of the hand trades, or mechanical and neighborhood industries, which amount to $1,216,165,160, the products of the industrial combinations in 1900 are found equivalent to more than twenty per cent. of the total gross products of the manufacturing industries of the country as they existed in 1890. The 183 corporations reported employed an average of 399,192 wage earners, receiving $194,534,515 in wages. Employment also was granted to 24,585 salaried officials, clerks, etc., receiving a total of $32,653,628 in salaries.

Miscellaneous expenses of these combinations aggregated $151,851,077. Total cost of material used was $1,085,083,828. The gross value of products, less the value of material purchased in partly manufactured form, gives the net or true value of products of these combinations as $1,051,981,568.

The 183 corporations reported control 2029 plants that were active in the census year and 174 reported as idle during that period.

ROBBED OLD MAIDS OF FORTUNE.

One Tried to Save Her $6000, But Was Given a Cold Bath.

Barnett Junction, Ga.—The Misses Battle, two elderly women, were robbed of $6000 in gold.

When the robbers entered the house the women, hearing a noise, investigated, lighting a lamp. The robbers dashed a bucket of cold water on the one holding the lamp and overawed them.

The women lived alone in the house. Several previous attempts have been made to rob them during the last few months. The women say the robbers were white men, and think they recognized one of them.

Sharp Fight on Samar.

Captain Schoeffel, with a detachment of eighteen men of Company E, Ninth Infantry, at Dapdap, Island of Samar, P. I., was attacked by a large force of bolomen. A severe hand to hand fight ensued, in which a sergeant, a corporal and five privates were killed. Captain Schoeffel was wounded, but not dangerously. Five privates were dangerously and one slightly wounded. No property was lost. The enemy was finally repulsed with heavy loss.

No Signs of Reaction.

The business and industrial development of the year has been so great that some persons are expectant of an early halt in the forward movement; but there are no present signs of impending reaction, and the situation appears to be favorable for a prolonged continuance of the prosperous business condition which marked the closing of the year.

One of the Hatfields Killed.

Robert H. Hatfield, one of the Kentucky clan, has been killed at the Troy mining camp in the Pinal Mountains, Ariz., by Deputy Sheriff Devine, who went to arrest him for wife beating.

Explorer Starts Round the World.

Harry de Windt, the explorer, who will try to reach New York City from Paris by an overland route, has started with his companions for the Bering Straits.

Clothing Trades' Busy Season.

The usually busy season in the clothing trades of New York City during the last quarter induced 15,000 garment workers to join the unions.

Trade in Cotton Goods Quiet.

Business in cotton goods has been seasonably quiet, but first hand stocks are under good control, and the price tendency is against buyers.

Was Insured For $1,000,000.

Frank H. Peavey, the grain elevator king of Minneapolis, Minn., is dead. He carried a $1,000,000 policy in the Mutual Life Insurance Company. He had made only two annual payments of $48,390 each.

Indicted For $60,000 Shortage.

City Clerk A. W. Miller, at Sandusky, Ohio, was indicted on three charges of embezzlement aggregating $60,000. Miller, who had left Sandusky, was brought back from Havana, Cuba.

Newsy Gleanings

For the first time in years New York City is importing Irish potatoes from Ireland.

The bulk of the coal lands in Raleigh County, W. Va., have been sold to a syndicate.

Upwards of 1300 owners of automobiles have registered under the new law in New York State.

Captain John Cobb, an American, who has lived in Morocco for more than thirty years, is going to present an Arabian saddle horse to President Roosevelt.

The clergy in London have been vaccinated, partly in order to set an example to their parishioners.

President Roosevelt has received a memorial from the American Asiatic Association urging the maintenance of the "open door" in Manchuria.

The State Entomologist of New Jersey predicts that the State will be overrun with locusts during the ensuing year, and that they will eat everything in sight.

The Chilean Government has accepted a tender from a New York firm for printing 39,600,000 postage stamps. The amount to be paid for the same is $23,189.

Americans Get the Work.

The Manawatu Railway Company, of New Zealand, which recently asked for tenders for a steel viaduct, has accepted an American offer to do the work at a price which is only a quarter as large as any of the English tenders. The New Zealand Government will accordingly give future orders for bridge work to the Americans.

Religious Riots in the Hebrides.

Religious rioters in the Island of Lewis, in the Hebrides, attacked and drove police from the island.

Minor Mention.

Eighteen Texas and Oklahoma cattlemen have paid $3500 for violating the territorial quarantine laws.

There are 8440 penny-in-the-slot machines in Cincinnati, Ohio, and over $3,000,000 drops into them every year.

Many Kansas farmers now market their grain without resorting to commission men, at a gain of three cents per bushel.

In the Philippines the ration for the first quarter of 1902 has been fixed at $2.10 Mexican silver to the American gold dollar.

Andrew Carnegie has offered $15,000 to Nyack, N. Y., for a village library.

Foreign legations in Pekin, China, are supplied with artillery, with the exception of the Americans.

The University of California will recommend several men to take charge of United States agricultural stations in the Philippines.

The December assessment for Philadelphia shows 342,890 citizens entitled to vote, this being an increase of 8801 over the assessment in 1900.

A product of the heretofore unproductive deserts of Utah is a kind of watermelon which is picked in October. The melon ripes after it is picked.

FILIPINOS ARE TORTURED

Insurgents Visit Awful Vengeance Upon Natives in Our Service.

Armed Outlaws Seized Three Policemen, Hacked Them With Bolos, and Flung Them Alive Into a Well.

Washington, D. C.—Many Filipinos who accept service under American rule are visited with vengeance by their fellow-countrymen. The War Department has received records of a case in which three native policemen, who had been sent from Laoag to San Nicholas, Ilocos Norte, for duty at the latter point, were seized and bound by an armed band of outlaws, taken before a priest to be confessed, and then flung alive into a well, after being hacked with bolos. One of the band Wenceslao Rosales, was sentenced to be hanged.

Another native policeman met his death at the hands of an outlaw band in the barrio of San Antonia, Laguna Province. The outlaws were lying in ambush, awaiting the passing of a patrol of three policemen, upon whose approach they sprang out and captured one of the three. A few days later his body was found in a neighboring river, weighted with heavy rock and showing wounds through his heart and in his neck. Two of the outlaws were caught and sentenced to be hanged.

Two Filipinos who took part in the murder of an unknown native, accused of being a native spy, beheaded the body, and buried it in the city of Manila. These were also sentenced. Another band seized a native man and woman, for no apparent motive, and killed them by striking them with clubs on the backs of their necks. Mariano Zales, when brought to trial for the crime, gave the following vague explanation:

"They were relatives, uncle and aunt, of mine, and I had to do it to save my life."

The military commission found him guilty of murder, but the sentence was confinement at hard labor for twenty years. General Chaffee approved the sentence, but fully concurred in the remark of the Department Commander, that it was inadequate.

ASPHALT TRUST INSOLVENT.

Pledged to Pay $2,500,000 Annually Upon $1,000,000 Income.

New York City.—Cumulative evidence indicates that the so-called Asphalt Trust is seriously wrecked. Despite the National Asphalt Company's capitalization of $22,000,000 and the authorized capitalization of $30,000,000 enjoyed by the Asphalt Company of America, which is now merged in the common trust, both concerns are in the hands of receivers, forced into that position by inability to meet interest charges, due or about to fall due, amounting to something like $1,000,000.

From the papers submitted in the application for a receivership it appears that the company is confronted at present with no better prospect than that of an annual deficit of about $1,500,000. It stands pledged to pay annually $2,500,000 in interest and sinking fund charges, whereas it professes to be able to count upon receiving from the earnings, interest and other payments of its subsidiary operating companies not more than $1,000,000 yearly.

The loss will undoubtedly fall heaviest on Philadelphia stockholders, where, it is estimated, the stockholders will be out of pocket at least $20,000,000.

LAUNCH OF THE MISSOURI.

The Battleship Sent Into the Water at Newport News, Va.

Newport News, Va.—The United States battleship Missouri was launched at the yards of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company. Miss Marion Cockrell, daughter of the Missouri Senator, performed the christening ceremony, and Secretary of the Navy John D. Long delivered an address, defending the appropriations for the navy.

The Missouri is a sister ship of the Ohio, building at San Francisco, and of the Maine, recently launched at Philadelphia. Her contract price was $2,885,000. Her keel was laid on February 7, 1900, and she is about half completed. Her contract speed is eighteen knots an hour.

A new feature introduced into the offensive power of this ship are two submerged torpedo tubes. The Missouri and her class are the first battleships of the United States Navy in which water tube boilers are provided. The collective indicated horse power is about 16,000 when the vessel is making eighteen knots.

WATERSPOUT DROWNS 200.

Saffee, Morocco, Flooded by Cloudburst With Enormous Damage.

Tangier.—A waterspout has burst over the town of Saffee, Morocco. It inundated the lower part of the town for the space of twelve hours, sweeping everything into the sea. Two hundred persons have been drowned. There are no Europeans among the dead. The damage to Saffee was enormous.

Saffee is a fortified seaport town of Morocco. It has a population of 12,000, including about 3000 Hebrews. It is enclosed by massive walls and has a palace and a small fort.

The Czar to Attend Coronation.

It is said that the Czar of Russia has accepted an invitation to attend the coronation of King Edward, provided that the Czarina is in good health at the time the ceremony occurs.

Jumped From the Brooklyn Bridge.

For the purpose of gaining notoriety John Samuel Pinover jumped off the Brooklyn Bridge. Not a bone was broken by his perilous attempt, and his chances of recovery are good. John S. Pinover's home is in Middletown, N. Y., but all his family live in New York City. His father, Samuel Pinover, is a wealthy retired merchant. The bridge jumper is twenty-one years old, and for several years has conducted a wholesale liquor business in Middletown, N. Y.

Decided That They Were Too Old to Wed.

John F. F. Kellar, aged eighty, the wealthiest resident of Holland, Ill., and Mrs. Sarah Canfield, aged sixty-three, were to have been married a few days ago. When they came before the minister they decided they were too old, and parted good friends.

Six Killed in a Mine Shaft.

While the cage was ascending with eight men at shaft No. 1, of the McAlester Coal Company, at Hartshorn, Indian Territory, it jumped its guidings about 100 feet from the bottom of the shaft. Six of the men were killed.

Policy of the New Afghan Ruler.

At a great durbar held at Cabul recently the Ameer, Habib Ullah Khan, addressing the assembled chieftains, promised to maintain the policy of his father, the late Ameer, in guarding Afghanistan against foreign aggression, and in preventing the introduction of railroads, telegraphs, European trade, and education by missionaries.

Killed Father, Shot Mother.

William Boles, Jr., while intoxicated shot and killed his father and seriously wounded his mother at Irvine Depot, Ky. The crime was the result of a reprimand from the father.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 3½c. per quart.

BUTTER.			
Creamery—West, extra	$ —	@	25
Firsts	22	@	24
Seconds	19	@	21
State dairy tubs, extra	22	@	23
Imitation creamery	14	@	18½
Factory finest	15	@	15½
Low grades	13	@	13½
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	10¼	@	10¼
Small	11	@	11¼
Part skims, good to prime	6½	@	7½
Full skims	2	@	2½
EGGS.			
Jersey—Fancy	30	@	33
State and Penn.	30	@	33
Western—Choice	29	@	31
Southern—Choice	23	@	28
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1901	—	@	2 40
Medium, choice	2 00	@	2 05
Pea, choice	1 95	@	2 00
Red kidney, choice	—	@	2 20
White kidney, choice	—	@	2 45
Yellow eye, choice	—	@	2 35
Lima, Cal.	3 25	@	3 30
Green peas, bags	1 45	@	1 47½
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, King, per bbl.	4 00	@	6 00
Greening, per bbl.	3 50	@	6 00
Ben Davis, per bbl.	3 50	@	4 50
Baldwin, per bbl.	2 00	@	5 00
Grapes, Catawba, basket	11	@	13
Concord, per basket	10	@	13
Cranberries, Cape Cod, per bbl.	5 00	@	7 50
Jersey, prime, per bbl.	6 00	@	6 25
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, per lb.	—	@	10
Chickens, per lb.	—	@	8
Roosters, per lb.	—	@	6
Turkeys, per lb.	10	@	11
Ducks, per pair	65	@	75
Geese, per pair	1 00	@	1 12
Pigeons, per pair		@	20
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb.	8	@	13½
Capons, Western, per lb.	10	@	14
Fowls, Western, per lb.	7	@	9
Broilers, Phila., per lb.	12	@	16
Ducks, Western, per lb.	9	@	14
Geese, Western, per lb.	8	@	11
Squabs, per dozen	1 50	@	2 75
HOPS.			
State, 1901, choice, per lb.	14	@	15
1900, choice	10	@	11
Pacific coast, 1901, choice	14	@	15
1900, choice	10	@	11
1900, common to prime	7	@	9
Old odds	1	@	3
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, per 100 lb.	92½	@	95
No. 1, per 100 lb.	87½	@	90
No. 2, per 100 lb.	80	@	87½
Clover mixed, per 100 lb.	70	@	77½
Straw, long rye	80	@	85
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, Maine, per sack	2 30	@	2 40
N. Y. State, per sack	2 00	@	2 25
Sweets, N. J., per bbl.	3 00	@	3 75
Onions, State, per bag	3 00	@	3 50
Orange Co., per bag	2 00	@	4 50
Connecticut, red, per bbl	3 50	@	4 00
Cabbages, L. I., per 100	3 00	@	4 00
Turnips, per bbl.	75	@	80
String beans, per basket	2 00	@	4 00
Egg plant, per box	4 00	@	6 00
Squash, per bbl.	1 75	@	2 00
Tomatoes, per carrier	1 50	@	3 00
Cauliflower, L. I., per bbl.	1 00	@	7 00
Peppers, per carrier	2 00	@	3 00
Spinach, per bbl.	—	@	2 00
Celery, per dozen	10	@	50
Lettuce, per basket	75	@	3 00
Brussels sprouts, per qt.	4	@	10
Kale, per bbl.	50	@	65
Beets, per 100 bunches	2 00	@	5 00
Parsley, per 100 bunches	3 00	@	4 00
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter patents	3 75	@	4 00
Spring patents	3 95	@	4 30
Wheat—No. 1 N. Y.	—	@	87½
No. 2 N. Duluth	—	@	83½
Corn—No. 2	—	@	70¾
Oats—No. 2 white	—	@	54
Track mixed	—	@	52½
Rye—Western	75½	@	76
State	70	@	71
Lard, city	—	@	9.50c.
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	6½	@	10
Calves, city dressed	9½	@	13
Country dressed	5	@	11
Sheep, per 100 lb.	2 50	@	4 00
Lambs, per 100 lb.	5 00	@	6 50
Hogs, live, per 100 lb.	5 30	@	6 40
Country dressed, per lb.	6	@	8¼

NEW YORK'S BIG MILK SUPPLY.

Annual Report Shows 560,000,000 Quarts Consumed in One Year.

Albany, N. Y.—The Commissioner of Agriculture in his annual report to the Legislature states that comparatively little oleomargarine was sold within the State during the past year and that in all probability nearly all that was exposed for sale was detected by the men working in his department. A majority of these cases detected were in the city of New York.

In speaking of the milk laws the report announces that 4160 violations of the law were detected during the year. The amount of milk received in New York City during the year 1901 was 14,000,000 40-quart cans.

The Commissioner reports the amount of sugar beets raised in this State during the year for manufacture into sugar in the aggregate was about 47,000 tons, and that from this will be manufactured about 9,000,000 pounds of sugar.

About 400 head of cattle have been tested with tuberculin for tuberculosis and thirty horses have been tested with mullein for glanders.

Relative to the extermination of the San Jose scale, the reports says that 439 certificates were issued to nurserymen on inspection of 7156 acres of nursery and 274 acres of vineyards, and that the number of fruit trees inspected was 32,162,604, as against 25,655,308 for the year 1900.

An Increase in Shoe Shipments.

Shoe shipments from Brockton, Mass., for the year were 629,413 cases, 100,136 more than ever before.

Car Shortage Stops Coke Deliveries.

The scarcity of cars and motive power is seriously interfering with coke deliveries, and while the coke is accumulating at Connellsville, Penn., many furnaces in the West are idle because they cannot get supplies of fuel.

Winter Wheat Scarce in the West.

Winter wheat is relatively scarce and dear throughout the West, and prices in Toledo, Ohio, are five cents per bushel higher than those current in Philadelphia.

The Industrial Situation.

The industrial situation shows few evidences of the slackening of activity ordinarily apparent at this time of year. Orders on the books of manufacturers keep machinery in practically all lines fully employed, and in some branches, as in iron and steel, there has been a remarkably well sustained new demand.

Big Crop of California Olives.

The increased crop of California olives will cut the price of the oil and the delicacies. The imported product will feel the competition.

Of Fish 160,000,000 Pounds.

The fishing season has been very satisfactory to the Gloucester fleet. The entire catch was 160,000,000 pounds. Of this amount 125,901,541 pounds, valued at $3,100,000, was landed at Gloucester, Mass. The rest went to Boston, New York, Newport and other points along the Atlantic coast. The Gloucester fishing fleet now constitutes 375 vessels.

Dry Winds Damage Winter Wheat.

Dry winds in Oklahoma have done more damage to the winter wheat than cold weather.

Foxes Protect Sheep.

According to the statements of the majority of the game wardens under the supervision of the American Ornithologists' Union, the summer boarder "who is out for sport, and will shoot anything in sight," is the greatest menace to the various forms of bird life. An amusing exception, however, to the general cheerful indorsement by the natives of the protective policy of the society is brought to light by the report of Charles Holt, keeper of the Nash Island lighthouse. On Cone Island, a breeding place for herring gulls, within his official territory, there have been numbered this year only 900 gulls, as against 800 last year. The unnaturally small increase he attributes not to the occasional visitor, but to an entirely different cause. The resident proprietors of the island are four women — a mother and three daughters, who own a large flock of sheep. Claiming that the birds destroy a large portion of the grass, they bought a few months ago four foxes, which they allowed to roam at will through the fields. The foxes have carried out the desires of their mistresses by creating widespread devastation among the eggs and the young of the unfortunate gulls. The friends of the birds are, however, patiently biding their time. They think that without doubt the foxes will destroy the young lambs in the spring, and thus defeat the purpose for which they were imported.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

He Lacked Appreciation.

She was young and nicely dressed and fairly pretty. The car was full when she entered it, and most of the sitters were women. The girl looked up and down the long lines of raglans and flaring hats, and then planted herself directly in front of a youngish man who sat near the stove. She stared down at him in a superbly scornful manner, but he was an old bird and evidently didn't mind.

Then her scornful stare changed to one of deep indignation, and this in turn melted into a look of pained surprise. But the youngish man stood it all in a thoroughly hardened manner.

The look of surprise became a look of pity, and presently the girl stooped a little and remarked: "I'm afraid you don't know who I am?"

He looked astonished, but managed to answer: "Your fear is well grounded. May I ask who you are?"

The girl stiffened with conscious pride.

"I am one of this season's buds!" she said with a superb air of superiority.

But even then she didn't get the seat. —Cleveland Plaindealer.

Cunningham's Changeable Peach Tree

James Cunningham, a farmer in the vicinity of Pleasant Grove, has a peach tree on his place that puzzles the horticultural world. Last year the tree had several bushels of plum peaches; this year the tree had several bushels of free stone peaches. Last year is the first it has borne fruit of consequence. —Nashville (Tenn.) Banner.

ANOTHER REMARKABLE CASE

Which the Doctors Failed to Cure or Understand.

A medical man, as a rule, dislikes to acknowledge the value of a proprietary medicine. In fact, professional etiquette debars him from doing so. Yet there are many eminent physicians, those most advanced in their professions, who give full credit to the great curative properties of Vogeler's Curative Compound from the fact that it is manufactured by an old and reliable company, proprietors of St. Jacobs Oil, from the formula of a brother physician, who to-day stands in the front ranks of the most eminent medical men in London, and on account of its intrinsic merit it is largely prescribed by the medical profession, but in the case which we are about to relate the attending physician called it "rubbish," but as it turned out Mrs. Nettleton tells the doctor that "rubbish or not, it saved her life."

Mrs. Nettleton graphically relates the particulars of her own case, which will doubtless be of interest to many of our lady readers:

"I had been an intense sufferer for many years from dyspepsia, liver and kidney troubles, when a little pamphlet was placed in my hands, and, although at that time I had been bedridden for more than six months, I determined, after reading some of the wonderful testimonials therein of cases similar to mine, which had been completely cured by the timely use of Vogeler's Curative Compound, to try some, especially as my doctors failed to even benefit me, and I had almost given up all hope of ever being well again. It is most interesting and, in fact, marvelous to relate, that the very first dose of fifteen drops relieved me. It was not long before I was able to get up and about; three months from taking the first dose I was enjoying better health than I had been for fourteen years. I continued well until a few months back, when I was taken ill again, my troubles being dyspepsia and constipation. I had a doctor attending me for a month, but continued to grow worse, until I again found myself bedridden, when I bethought myself of my old medicine, Vogeler's Curative Compound, which I immediately sent for and took in place of the doctor's medicine; at that time I had not had a movement of the bowels for five days, but Vogeler's Curative Compound soon put me on my feet again; in fact, completely cured me a second time, but, of course, this attack was not as bad as the first, yet I fully believe I should not have been alive to-day had it not been for Vogeler's Curative Compound. If I had only thought to have taken it when my last illness took place I should not only have been saved much suffering, but a $75 doctor's bill."

Mrs. Nettleton said: "I have recommended Vogeler's Curative Compound for indigestion and eczema, and in every case it has proved a cure, beyond doubt. Mr. Swinbank, our chemist, has sent me the names of no end of people who have been cured by Vogeler's Curative Compound. By the way, the proprietors have so much confidence in this great London physician's discovery, that they will send a sample free to any person sending name and address, naming this paper." St. Jacobs Oil Co., 205 Clay St., Baltimore, Md.

Mrs. Nettleton is a confectioner in the Brighton Road, where she has been established many years, and is honoured and respected by all classes. Her statements as regards Vogeler's Curative Compound may, therefore, be regarded as reliable evidence of its great value.

A. H. Copeland, the first train dispatcher in the world, is at present living in Chenca, a village in Illinois.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are fast to sunlight, washing and rubbing. Sold by all druggists.

In Newfoundland and Labrador cramps are said to be guarded against by carrying a cod's head or a bone from a haddock caught without touching the boat.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

It is better to give than to receive what you don't want.

Some Eating Contests.

A short time ago a pigeon-eating contest was held at Farnley, near Leeds. Wagers were laid against a certain game-watcher named Helstrip that he would not eat a pigeon every day for fourteen days. It is popularly supposed that it takes twenty-four hours to digest one pigeon, and that it is too great a trial to the stomach for it to endure fourteen pigeons on fourteen consecutive days.

Not only, however, did Helstrip accomplish this feat without feeling any ill effects afterward, but when approached by a firm of photographers who wished to produce a series of pictures of him for cinematograph purposes, he readily consented to partake of an additional bird in the open, which he did in a very satisfactory manner. Helstrip, by the way, claims to be the tallest Yorkshire-born man, being six feet six inches in height. He is very well known in Farnley, and many hundreds of people were interested spectators of the remarkable eating contest in which he took part.

Egg-swallowing competitions are often held in the north of England as well as in the midlands. They are generally instituted by publicans for the purpose of attracting customers. A contest of this description took place in a bar near Birmingham but a few months ago, when a man named White succeeded in beating all competitors and records by swallowing no fewer than forty-five eggs in half an hour. The man, however, had reason to regret having accomplished his absurd record, for it resulted in him being taken seriously ill, and it was some months before he fully recovered from his extraordinary gastronomic feat.—Tit-Bits.

Sultan Fond of American Corn Bread.

Coming up from Bulgaria the other day I met on the train General Horace Porter, our Ambassador to France, and as usual, he was full of good stories, so that the twenty-four hours between Sofia and Vienna seemed very short. The most interesting story he told was his experience as a guest of the Sultan of Turkey at dinner. He sat near enough to his host to notice that he ate very little of the dishes that were served to other people and devoted his attention chiefly to a plate of brown-looking crust which was placed before him alone. General Porter supposed it was some fast day of the Mahommedan calendar or that some other religious scruple prevented the head of that church from partaking of the exquisite French delicacies he had provided for his guests, and required him to partake of some sacred substance that had been made in a mosque or a monastery. So he asked the Grand Vizier, who sat beside him, what His Imperial Majesty was eating. This potential dignitary smiled and said: "I'm afraid you won't believe me if I tell you. It is ordinary cornbread, such as was cooked and served in the American kitchen at the Paris Exposition. He is very fond of it, and eats it three times a day. At some meals he eats little else."—Berlin Letter to Chicago Record-Herald.

French Lighthouse Economy.

France finds that her splendid system of coast illumination is costing her too much, and efforts are being made to economize. In 1873 the best French lighthouses were illuminated by mineral oil, and the most powerful light equalled only 54,000 candles. Ten years later, with the electric light, the illuminating power was increased, as in the case at Calais, to 820,000 candles, and to-day, owing to the continued progress made in lighthouse illumination, a flood of light which has the enormous power of nearly 29,000,000 pierces the thickest fog and can be projected far beyond the signal station.—London Mail.

An Interrupted Sermon.

"Brethren," said Rev. Mr. Hipperkrit, as he made an attempt to see how much was in the contribution box without attracting undue attention, "the Lord loves a cheerful giver."

"Yes," broke in the small boy from the back of the church, "but you ain't one; ma says your wife gets ninety cents a week to live on, and that's all you ever give her."

"Brother Taster, lead us in prayer," said Rev. Mr. Hipperkrit, glaring in the direction of the voice.

And the services proceeded.—Cleveland Leader.

Photograph Holder in a Watch.

On the inside cover of a newly designed watch a thin pocket is provided having an open centre and a slot in one side for the insertion of a photograph.

The Luxury of Modern Railway Travel to Florida and the South.

The gratitude of tourists who appreciate luxury in railway travel is due in no small measure to the Southern Railway System. Their line of operation is the great highway thatleads by Washington, D.C., to and through the Southern States. Year by year they have adopted every improvement that could add in any way to the comfort of that army of visitors who make their home in the vast territory covered by its network of lines.

An example of the superb trains operated by the company is the "Southern's Palm Limited," which runs between New York and St. Augustine every day, except Sunday, during the winter months. This magnificent train will be inaugurated January 14, 1902, leaving New York 12.40 noon, the most luxurious in the world, runs through solid from New York to St. Augustine, excepting one drawing-room sleeping-car, which is detached at Blackville, S. C., and runs to Augusta, for the accommodation of travelers to this popular resort, and Aiken, S. C. The train is composed of Pullman composite, compartment cars, drawing-room sleeping-cars, library, observation and dining-cars. Two other fast daily limited trains are operated, carrying through Pullman drawing-room sleeping-cars to New York, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Charleston, Augusta, Asheville, Chattanooga, Nashville, Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis, New Orleans, affording excellent service to Florida, Mexico and the Pacific Coast. Dining-car service on all through trains. The popular route to Pinehurst, N. C., Pullman sleeping car Washington, Pinehurst, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. New York to Thomasville, Ga., Pullman drawing-room sleeping-cars, every Thursday, commencing January 9. For further information call or address New York Offices, 271 and 1185 Broadway. Alex. S. Thweatt, E. P. A., 1185 Broadway, New York.

Our own misfortunes are always the greatest.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

SEAL

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

An ounce of gold was worth fifteen ounces of silver in the year 1880. It would buy twenty-one ounces in 1900.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 10th.—A very timely and practical suggestion comes from a physician of this city; he says: "Take Garfield Tea, the Herb Medicine. It is especially needed at this season, when the system is apt to be out of order from eating rich food. This wonderful remedy cleanses the system and regulates the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels. It is simple, pure and effective, and is good for young and old."

France produces $15,000,000 worth of chestnuts a year, and Italy $20,000,000 worth.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Every man who fails feels that he is a victim of circumstances.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOMAS ROBBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

With an umbrella it is always a case of put up or shut up.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

Mexico has issued during 1901 $252,000 in postal drafts on the United States.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The people who are always short find it difficult to get along.

Coughing

"I was given up to die with quick consumption. I then began to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I improved at once, and am now in perfect health."—Chas. E. Hartman, Gibbstown, N. Y.

It's too risky, playing with your cough.

The first thing you know it will be